2019 ANNUAL REPORT

Financial Report & Consolidated Financial Statements
CITY OF CAMBRIDGE, ONTARIO, CANADA, FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019









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Cambridge at a Glance

A MODERN AND INCLUSIVE CITY

Cambridge is a modern, inclusive city with a rich architectural heritage providing a window to the past. Made up of the former communities of Galt, Preston, Hespeler and Blair, the economic diversity, natural beauty, and vibrant culture have helped to make Cambridge the second largest community within the fast-growing Waterloo Region.



PROPERTY VALUES

The average household assessment value used to calculate property taxes sits at \$321,700.



POPULATION

A 2019 year-end population of **136,810** within an estimated **49,920** households.



WORKFORCE

Cambridge continues to build a skilled and diverse workforce of more than **77,500** and more than **11,473** businesses.





INTERNATIONAL ACCESS

Just **50 minutes** to Toronto Pearson International Airport and minutes to **Region of Waterloo International Airport**.

LOGISTICS

Convenient access to **Highway 401** for ready access to major cities throughout Canada and the United States.

Cambridge City Council



BACK ROW LEFT TO RIGHT: COUNCILLOR FRANK MONTEIRO*, COUNCILLOR MIKE DEVINE, COUNCILLOR SHANNON ADSHADE, COUNCILLOR NICHOLAS ERMETA, COUNCILLOR MIKE MANN, COUNCILLOR JAN LIGGETT. FRONT ROW LEFT TO RIGHT: COUNCILLOR DONNA REID, MAYOR KATHRYN MCGARRY, COUNCILLOR PAM WOLF.

*COUNCILLOR FRANK MONTEIRO PASSED AWAY ON OCTOBER 15, 2019. COUNCILLOR MONTEIRO SERVED THE CONSTITUENTS OF WARD 7 SINCE 2010 AND WILL BE FONDLY REMEMBERED FOR HIS MANY CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE CITY OF CAMBRIDGE.

GET TO KNOW YOUR 2018-2022 ELECTED COUNCIL

The City of Cambridge is governed by an elected Council of nine members: the Mayor and eight Councillors who serve a four-year term.

The Mayor and Council are responsible for developing a long-range vision for the future of the community. Council establishes policies that affect the overall operation of the community and are responsive to residents' needs and wishes.

To ensure that these policies are carried out and that the entire community receives equitable service, Council appoints a City Manager who is directly responsible for the City's administration.

City Administrative Structure

The Corporate Leadership Team is led by the City Manager and includes the Deputy City Managers of each City department.

The Corporate Leadership Team is responsible for implementing the direction set out by City Council, including the provision for high quality, community-focused services, overseeing the responsible and sustainable management of resources and monitoring progress.

In recognition of the direction provided by the strategic plan, the Corporate Leadership Team is committed to implementing the goals and objectives outlined under each of the themes People, Place and Prosperity based on the City's corporate core values of Integrity, Respect, Inclusiveness and Service.



MAYOR AND COUNCIL



OFFICE OF THE CITY MANAGER

Corporate Communications

Legal Services



CORPORATE SERVICES

Clerks Services Financial Services Fire Services Human Resources Technology Services



CORPORATE ENTERPRISE

Asset & Project Management Corporate Strategy Economic Development Risk Management



COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

Building Services
Engineering & Transportation
Parks, Recreation & Culture
Planning Services
Public Works

Message from the Mayor

It's been a very busy year for our city, our region, and for myself as a new mayor.

We've seen exciting new projects moving forward at the City, from a decision on the new Cambridge Recreation Complex to the creation of the Core Area Transformation Fund.

Our local economy and private investment remain strong. In 2019, we attracted new developments and businesses, as well as marked the groundbreaking of the Gaslight District and the opening of Tapestry Hall – an incredible new dynamic event space located in the heart of it.

Our city continues to be a magnet for film crews and we were nominated for a film location award. Conestoga College announced that they are creating the largest trade school in Canada right here in Cambridge.

As your Mayor, I've had the privilege of attending and taking part in more than 400 events in our community, and represented our city at meetings and discussions at the regional, provincial, and federal levels.

All too often the citizens of Cambridge do not see the work that staff do behind the scenes on their behalf. In my first year here as Mayor – I can safely say that throughout our organization, we have dedicated and committed public servants. Staff, along with Council and the community, are working hard to deliver solid results to make Cambridge the best possible place to work and live in southern Ontario.

As you see in these pages, 2019 was a significant year for the City of Cambridge and we are well-poised for an even better year ahead.

Together, I believe we will keep building on our strong foundation and attracting new families and new businesses to our great city.

I'm looking forward to continuing to work with you.

Kathryn McGarry

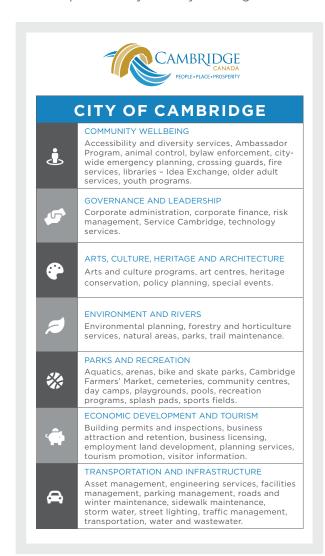
Kathyn M'Gany

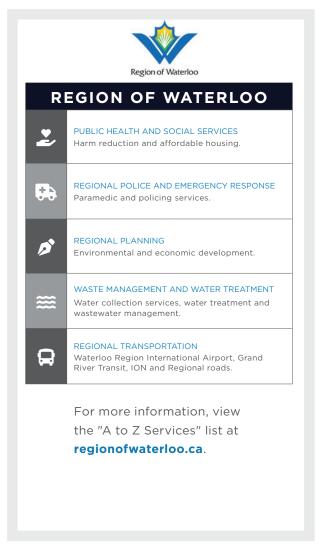
Mayor

Who Does What? Services Overview

UNDERSTANDING MUNICIPAL VS. REGIONAL SERVICES

In addition to federal and provincial services, Cambridge residents and businesses receive services from two levels of government: The City of Cambridge and the Region of Waterloo. Below is an outline of the general services provided by the City and Regional levels of government.





2019 Accomplishments

PEOPLE

To actively engage, inform and create opportunities for people to participate in community building, making Cambridge a better place to live, work, play and learn for all.







People Feature Story

How working together keeps the community prepared.

A PLUME OF HAZARDOUS SMOKE ROSE INTO THE AIR FOLLOWING AN INCIDENT INVOLVING TWO LARGE TRUCKS IN THE AREA OF HIGHWAY 401 AND HOMER WATSON BOULEVARD ONE SUNNY OCTOBER MORNING IN THE NORTH END OF CAMBRIDGE.

As emergency crews jumped into action, a sudden shift in the wind threatened to send the toxic plume towards a residential area of Kitchener.

Luckily, this terrifying scenario wasn't real, but formed the basis of a large-scale mock disaster called 'Operation Hazy Day' organized by the City of Cambridge.

This joint exercise, which transformed a parking lot at Conestoga College into a 'disaster' zone filled with emergency personnel and a variety of injured 'victims', involved at least 300 people representing a range of community partners who participated with the intent of testing emergency management policies and procedures.

Among them were firefighters from both Cambridge and Kitchener, provincial police, regional police and paramedics, as well as the Cambridge Memorial Hospital (CMH), CP Rail, Transport Canada, Grand River Conservation Authority, Waterloo Regional REACT and the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks.

"We try to involve as many partners as possible and make it as realistic as possible," explains Gina Cliffe, Manager of Community and Emergency Planning at the City of Cambridge.



Region-wide exercises on this scale usually take place every four years. The last one took place in 2015 and focused on a train 'derailment' in the Township of North Dumfries. The City also conducts smaller exercises yearly to keep up to date and fine-tune new protocols and procedures. This includes response practice on everything from cyber security breaches and flooding, to evacuations and active threats.

Although these scenarios are often done around a table, they also can take on a real-time large-scale feel as information is received via portable radios and telephone, and various partners are pulled into the loop.

When it comes to community preparedness, Gina says developing partnerships is critical.

"We really couldn't do it without them," she says. "Each of us has a role and we all have to be ready."

In a real-life situation, people could walk away from the site of an emergency not realizing they may have been exposed to a potentially hazardous chemical and show up at a local health clinic with symptoms.

We really couldn't do it without them. Each of us has a role and we all have to be ready.

GINA CLIFFE, MANAGER OF COMMUNITY AND EMERGENCY PLANNING

"So, we work with many groups, such as Doctors4Cambridge, and provide them with information so they can make the necessary decisions."







These partnerships also involve the local business community, like Toyota Canada.

"They may have information or resources we might not have," she says, adding the City has done emergency planning training with Toyota. "There are lots of great opportunities working with our local businesses and community."

For Cambridge Memorial Hospital, one of the City's key partners when it comes to community preparedness, the benefits of collective proactive preparedness are clear.

"All those learning opportunities help us to better respond, whether it's internally to our own situation, or externally as a partner with the others," says Patrick Gaskin, President and CEO of CMH, adding emergency planning is part of the hospital's accreditation process.

He says the recent mock disaster, the first one he has observed as the hospital's CEO, proved to be very informative. He was one of a several senior CMH staff

HAZY DAY HIGHLIGHTS



Region-wide education for emergency preparedness



More than 300 community partners involved



Emergency planning for local businesses



members at the Conestoga College scene.

"We had our staff using real time data of what was going at the hospital so as the situation evolved, we looked at how we would respond internally to that," says Patrick, explaining that while no 'patients' were physically transported to CMH, staff went through the procedures as if they were receiving injured people.

"It was an incredible experience for us. There was tons of learning going on."

Patrick explains that it's pivotal while working with partners to determine ahead of time what roles each will play if an emergency occurs.

"What's important in a disaster is having people fulfilling their roles, not getting people into roles in real time," he says.

Fulfilling a key role in community preparedness

is exactly what Waterloo Regional REACT has been bringing to the table for nearly 50 years. The volunteer organization is a familiar sight at the scene of many incidents, providing valuable support to the City, firefighters, paramedics and police.

Richard Weisler, President of Waterloo Regional REACT, says working in partnership with these groups, whether in real-life situations or a disaster exercise, provides his organization's 42 volunteers – some of whom who have aspirations to work in the emergency services – with valuable knowledge.

"It gives them insight on what can happen and how things work in relation to different services," he says.

At the October exercise, REACT provided organizers use of its command centre trailer and Argo ATV to assist paramedics and firefighters



as they ferried and stabilized 'victims' at the scene.

"By providing specialized equipment, we're able to assist the people to do their jobs more effectively," says Richard, adding REACT volunteers, who come from diverse backgrounds, sign up because they enjoy giving something back to their community.

"We get personal satisfaction from helping others," he says. "There are many things we could do in our community and this is one that helps out our partners who already do so much."

Gina says community partnerships are also key when it comes to sharing information to residents which is why the City has been reaching out to business and neighbourhood associations.

"We ask them if they can provide public

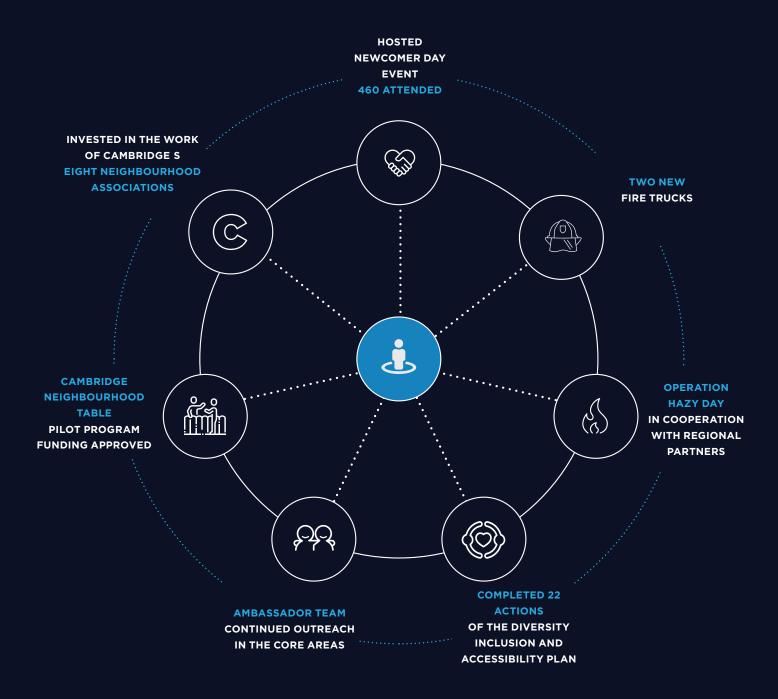
information for us on emergency preparedness, such as brochures and giveaways. This is a very cool partnership," she says, adding the centres can provide important information to residents in the event of an emergency.

"We're building that program and trying to connect with those organizations and they've been very helpful."

Gina emphasizes that having the necessary information is vital when it comes to community preparedness.

"When we do public education, we always ask people if they have a 72-hour emergency kit," she says, adding many admit to having 'pieces' of a kit on hand. "We really stress that if we had to evacuate you from your home could you, within a minute, walk out the door with whatever you need?"

Community Wellbeing at a Glance





Goal #1: Community Wellbeing

Promote a caring community where people can make strong connections with others and lead safe, healthy and productive lives.

HOW WE ACCOMPLISHED THIS...

WE WORKED WITH PARTNERS TO CREATE A SAFE, INCLUSIVE AND ACCESSIBLE CITY.

We supported Fire services by acquiring a new 2019 Rosenbauer tanker truck at Station 1, a new 2019 Pierce Pumper truck at Station 5, improving dispatch and radio communications, and continuing the implementation of the new Fire Station 6. Overall, these investments **improve response coverage and public safety**. Community education initiatives included installing wraps on the front bay doors at Station 5 to promote fire safety, and a contest with local schools to name the new Public Education Division mascot - Beeper.

We furthered the City's emergency management planning by developing a business continuity policy, new plans and training, and worked with partners in the Region to undertake a full scale emergency exercise in October (Operation Hazy Day). We also delivered additional training

and education initiatives including an ammonia procedure training exercise and a 72-hour emergency preparedness kit giveaway.

The City's Ambassador Team continued to build awareness of its work through outreach, partnerships and increased afternoon and evening patrols in downtown cores (cambridge.ca/ambassador). The City also invested in electric hand tools to reduce our carbon footprint and noise pollution while maintaining plantings, hanging baskets and the overall cleanliness of the cores. We designed, funded and tested a new public sharps container to promote safety and reduce stigma, while also continuing to support Sanguen Health and the Working to Improve Neighbourhood Safety (WINS) program.

WE SUPPORTED AND FACILITATED COMMUNITY ACCESS TO SERVICES RELATED TO HEALTH, WELLNESS AND PERSONAL DEVELOPMENT.

The City received the results of the Waterloo Region Community Wellbeing Survey and worked with partners to analyze and share the results. Building on the work of the community outreach task force, a transition and implementation plan was developed which led to the creation of a new Community Wellbeing Advisory Committee. This volunteer citizen advisory committee will assist the City in promoting and facilitating the safety, inclusion, belonging and wellbeing of Cambridge residents. It also provides advice to Council and City staff on complex social issues impacting City policies, programs, services and strategies.

In addition to this, City employees supported several charitable events and causes, including raising more than \$31,000 for Muscular Dystrophy with the Firefighter's Boot Drive, and more than \$34,000 through the employee United Way campaign.

WE DELIVERED ACCESSIBLE, INCLUSIVE, AGE-FRIENDLY SERVICES, PROGRAMS AND FACILITIES.

Youth engagement is a priority for the City of Cambridge (cambridge.ca/youth). We supported local youth initiatives such as Cambridge OK2BME, including two dances and a meeting hosted at Idea Exchange for youth aged 12 to 19. We also collaborated with the Cambridge Youth Advisory Committee to host a Youth Mix & Mingle event to connect with service providers and community leadership.

As well, we are working towards HIGH FIVE Accreditation for our recreation programs, demonstrating a commitment to the highest standards of programs for youth in our community.

We continued implementation of our Diversity Inclusion and Accessibility Action Plan, adopted in 2018 (**cambridge.ca/diversity**). To date, 22 of the initial 67 actions have been completed. Highlights from 2019 include:

- → Hosting our second 'Conversation with Purpose' to encourage community dialogue and action, with 60 staff and community members in attendance
- Reviewing and updating our Accessibility Policy
- Offering Indigenous Cultural Competency Training facilitated by the Ontario Federation of Indigenous Friendship Centre (OFIFC)
- → Adopting the Dynamic Symbol of Access in City-owned properties
- → Jointly hosting a conference centered on equity and inclusiveness with Conestoga College and YWCA Cambridge in October

We also held the city's first Newcomer Day Celebration in September, a special event recognizing and celebrating newcomers, immigrants, and refugees who call Cambridge home that featured a special Canadian citizenship ceremony. The event attracted more than 460 people and involved 60 community partners.













WE PROMOTED, FACILITATED AND PARTICIPATED IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF AFFORDABLE, WELCOMING AND VIBRANT NEIGHBOURHOODS.

The City worked with community partners to advance the Cambridge Neighbourhood Table, a made-in-Cambridge grassroots program with a focus on building relationships in our neighbourhoods through supportive connections and, promoting social inclusion so everyone belongs, feels welcome and no one is left behind. In November, this initiative received funding from both the City and Region to begin work on a pilot project to expand to five locations in the community in 2020.

We participated in the Cambridge Affordable Housing Roundtable, which works with all levels of government and community groups to encourage the construction and retention of affordable housing in Cambridge. Housing Cambridge, a municipal non-profit housing provider that manages nine separate properties, received final approvals allowing for construction of **55 new units** at 195 Hespeler Road: 40 market rate units and 15 affordable housing units. It was also announced

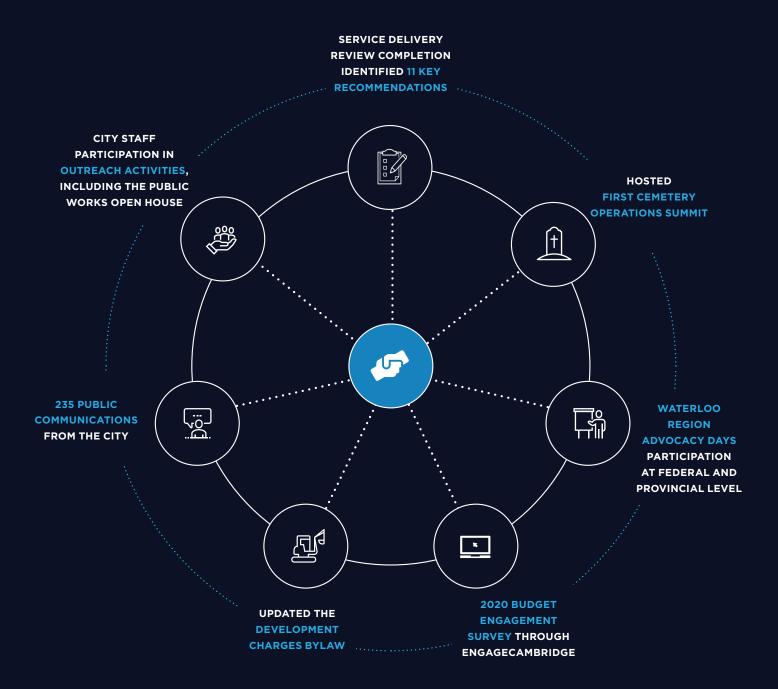
at the 18th National Housing Day on November 21 that the Region has committed to creating 638 new affordable housing units over the next 10 years, including one development in Cambridge. Although the Region of Waterloo is the service provider for affordable housing programs, the City of Cambridge is leading the way when it comes to lower-tier municipalities contributing financial assistance to the building of affordable housing.

Through the City's investment in Cambridge's eight neighbourhood associations, more than \$2 million in additional investment was leveraged to support more than **980 programs and events**, provide equitable access to **832 recreation programs**, and provide life-enriching summer camp experiences for **more than 1,500 children** in the city.

BY THE NUMBERS

SERVING OUR COMMUNITY	2019	2018	CHANGE
Library in-person visits	829,741	762,733	9%
Library electronic visits	793,943	759,367	5%
Library program attendance	102,266	81,674	25%
Pet tags issued	1,034	2,725	-62%
Fire investigations	103	92	12%
Fire safety building plan reviews	117	128	-9%
Property compliance inspections – Fire	1,553	1,660	-6%
Public education events - Fire	505	460	10%
Public Education home inspections - Fire	38		N/A
Emergency responses - Fire	7,805	7,906	-1%
School crosswalks with crossing guards	55	57	-4%
Property standard inspections - Bylaw	273	233	17%

Governance & Leadership at a Glance





Goal #2 Governance & Leadership

Provide open, transparent, accountable and innovative leadership in local governance and service delivery.

HOW WE ACCOMPLISHED THIS...

WE PROVIDED A WIDE RANGE OF WAYS THAT PEOPLE COULD BECOME INVOLVED IN CITY DECISION MAKING.

We continue to provide updated information related to the City's strategic plan and business plan online through our website (cambridge.ca/businessplan and cambridge.ca/strategicplan), ensuring that our plans and progress remain transparent and accessible.

For the 2020 Budget process, we undertook a review of budgeting best practices and engaged the public earlier in the process so that feedback could be built right into the budget preparation by staff, while also providing for public engagement through the delegation night held by the Budget and Audit Committee.

The City continued to consult on the development of projects, plans and policies, including the Recreation Complex site selection, Transportation Master Plan and Climate Adaptation Action Plan, to make sure the voices of residents are heard on the issues that matter most to them.

WE COMMUNICATED OFTEN AND MADE SURE MESSAGES WERE CLEAR, TIMELY AND DELIVERED IN A VARIETY OF WAYS.

We enhanced our customer service delivery through Service Cambridge and welcomed customer feedback in order to improve these services. We made some services, such as building permits and business licenses, available online, and transitioned Freedom of Information requests to Service Cambridge as well.

The Communications Division provided regular updates on city initiatives through multiple communications channels. In total, the City posted **235 public communications**, including notices, news posts and releases, to the website and shared more than 1,200 posts on social media.

City staff also did outreach in the community encouraging facility visits and tours, including welcoming more than **680 members of the public** to the Bishop Operations Centre for our third Public Works Open House in May and the participation of city staff in a 'career carousel' that educated more than **100 students** at St. Andrews Public School on careers in local government.

WE ENCOURAGED A CULTURE OF INNOVATION AND ENGAGEMENT THAT ALLOWED ALL STAFF TO CONTRIBUTE TO THE ONGOING RENEWAL OF CITY SERVICES AND PROGRAMS.

The City's continuous improvement program identified 61 new and ongoing initiatives to make our operations more effective. This program led to new ideas to improve services, such as hosting the first annual Cemetery Operations Summit to share best practices with surrounding municipalities and the 'Tommy & Friends' speed management initiative, a low-cost yet high-impact way to encourage safe driving in city neighbourhoods. We also implemented a new Records Management System that improves the efficiency of document management and makes it easier for staff to share information internally.

We offered several programs to support staff development and learning opportunities that will help us to become a more innovative and collaborative corporation, including the Emerging Leaders' Roundtable, the Women and Leadership program, and the Work a Day in My Shoes program.







WE WORKED COLLABORATIVELY WITH OTHER GOVERNMENT AGENCIES AND PARTNERS TO ACHIEVE COMMON GOALS AND ENSURE REPRESENTATION OF COMMUNITY INTERESTS.

We partnered with other municipalities in the Region of Waterloo to enter the nation-wide Smart Cities Challenge and were shortlisted as a finalist, creating new ideas and partnerships that focused on youth in our community. We also entered into an agreement with the Region of Waterloo to create a consolidated fire communications centre for the region.

We participated in two Waterloo Region Advocacy Days in February, one at the Federal level and one at the Provincial level. Furthermore, we provided feedback on the Regional Government Review and more than **30 other pieces of provincial legislation**. Mayor Kathryn McGarry and senior staff attended the Association of Municipalities of Ontario (AMO) Conference in August and met several Ministers to speak to local priorities for our community.

The City also hosted professional groups from other municipalities in order to share best practices, including the Network for Municipal Special Event Planners in March and a meeting of Strategic Planners from across the province in June to discuss organizational resilience and planning during times of change.



WE FOCUSED ON THE RESPONSIBLE MANAGEMENT OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES, ENSURING TRANSPARENCY AND ACCOUNTABILITY.

We presented our annual financial report, providing transparency and accountability into the City's spending. This report has been recognized for four consecutive years with the Canadian Award for Financial Reporting by the Government Finance Officers Association. To further improve our budget reporting, we consolidated the City's business planning with the budget process, presenting a consolidated 2020 Budget and Business Plan document that highlights 2020 goals for each division.

Through collaboration between Finance and the Project Management Office, Cambridge's management team, Council, and the public were kept informed of project status through a joint Capital Forecast and Status report, enabling project managers to operate efficiently and effectively while remaining accountable and transparent.

The City completed an update to our development charges bylaw, as required every five years under the Development Charges Act, 1997. This work ensures that growth continues to pay for the services needed to support that growth, such as roads, water, and sewer networks as well as parks, recreation and library services, while minimizing the financial burden to tax and rate payers and ensuring our local development economy remains strong.

We prepared an updated water and wastewater long-range financial plan for 2019-2028, as required under the Safe Drinking Water Act. This financial plan provides management, Council and the public a realistic and informed view of the water and wastewater operating and capital expenditures needed to maintain current service standards, provide resources to address forecasted growth, and keep the infrastructure in a good state of repair, ensuring the integrity and health of the City's drinking water systems.

In May, Council approved the final report of a Service Delivery Review, which identified more than 160 services and 11 key recommendations for improvement, such as centralizing facility management for all City of Cambridge facilities and the reallocation of a staff vacancy to a permanent Sustainable Transportation Coordinator position. Implementation of this report is now underway and more opportunities to improve service delivery will be reviewed in 2020.

We also developed Corporate Asset and Project Management policies, reporting, procedures and training, and implemented a new Human Resources system for recruitment, performance management, and learning management.

BY THE NUMBERS

SERVING OUR COMMUNITY	2019	2018	CHANGE
Property tax bills issued	85,890	85,412	1%
Water bills issued	287,549	283,862	1%







Place Feature Story

How community programs build community connections.

IT'S A TUESDAY AFTERNOON AT THE WILLIAM E. PAULTER SENIOR CENTRE AND A GROUP OF PICKLEBALL PLAYERS ARE SETTING UP THE NETS AND LACING UP THEIR RUNNING SHOES.

Holding what looks like an oversized ping-pong paddle, Cambridge resident Alfie Hutchins, a dedicated volunteer, takes a moment to chat about the past-time he has come to love.

"It's a great activity and people of any age can play it," he says, trying to keep his eyes on the action happening on the courts.

It's been approximately seven years since he first picked up a paddle while vacationing in Florida and developed an appreciation for the game which combines elements of tennis, table tennis, and badminton. Now he teaches others how to play the game at least one morning a week.

It's clear from the enthusiastic response of his fellow players as they dart about the courts, they've also come to love the game. Created in 1965, by three men in Washington State who had become bored with traditional summer sports, pickleball's popularity has grown steadily across North America to the point where regular tournaments are now held year-

round in Ontario. (The sport was reportedly named after a dog named 'Pickles' who kept taking their ball).

Locally, pickleball has become a favoured program staple of the City of Cambridge's 50+ Recreation Centres. Alfie says the competitiveness of the sport is a bonus and so is the wide range of skill levels it attracts in terms of players.

"Some of the players are very competitive and others are just average, but you go with the flow," he says, adding the way the game is set up with two players competing against two others, provides the chance to meet more people. "Very seldom do you play with the same people all the time."

It's this type of interaction that supervisor of recreation Nicole Cichello says is key to breaking down cultural, class and identity barriers and improving the quality of life in Cambridge.

"Building community through recreation engages people and builds social cohesion by strengthening community connections, which can lead to reduced isolation and healthier residents," says Nicole.







This sense of community is very apparent at the Alison Neighbourhood Community Centre, which operates out of St. Anne Catholic Elementary School and is one of eight City-supported neighbourhood associations.

"You see people connecting here and sharing some of the information they've learned here," says Courtney Didier, the Centre's executive director, while a group of excited children chatter in the community space outside her office.

Staff members - many of whom attended the programs themselves as kids - help pick out cupcake toppings for a group activity during an evening drop-in program. In the nearby gym, a few other children have decided to forgo decorating cupcakes to play basketball instead.

"We know that a game of basketball, or a game of hockey, or baking or doing crafts can also be a vehicle to addressing other issues," says Courtney, explaining the many supports the centre provides to area children and their families are essential to building a stronger community.

This includes a breakfast program, operated in partnership with the Cambridge Vineyard Church down the road on Elgin Street North, which provides 45 children with a morning meal.

You see people connecting here and sharing information they've learned here.

COURTNEY DIDIER, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR ALISON NEIGHBOURHOOD COMMUNITY CENTRE

More than just a fun way to spend time, Courtney says recreational activities help to build important community relationships.



"The connection never starts with: 'what do you need?'", she says. "It always starts with: 'let's play a game or let's do something together' and that opens the door to more conversation or to understanding other issues."

Over at the Allan Reuter Centre, the Cambridge 50+ Woodworkers group has been bringing together people who share an interest in woodworking for more than 30 years.

"With two fully-equipped woodshops, one at the Allan Reuter Centre and the other at the David Durward Centre, we provide the woodworkers with everything for their projects, except their wood and ideas," says recreation coordinator Kara Miller.

Scott Davies, vice-president of the group, says ideas are one thing members never run short of.

"Everybody has a different idea," he says, as members trickle into the Allan Reuter Centre one wet Monday morning and take their place at the several worktables. "There are always so many projects going on; from furniture to smaller items."

For Scott, who has been a member for the past five years, being part of the woodworkers groups is a great way to pursue his hobby at minimal cost.

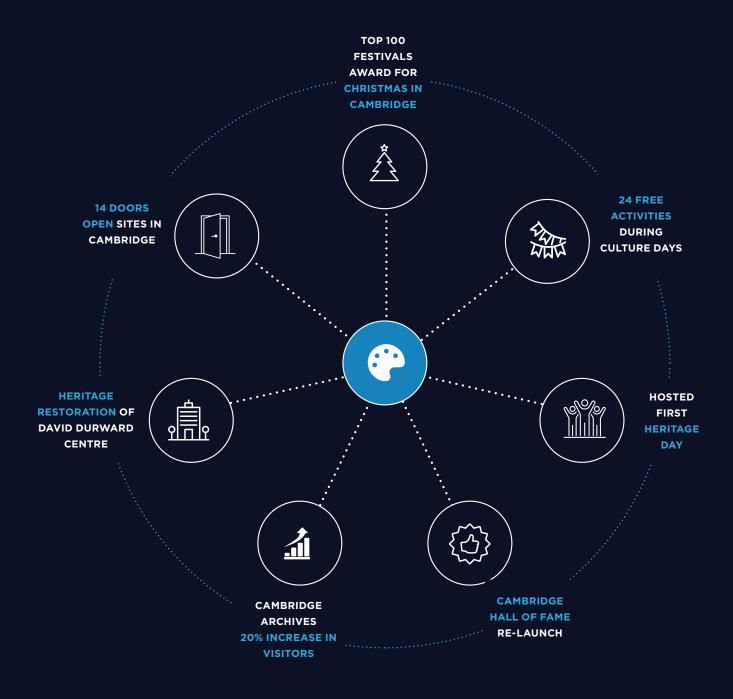
"It's a lot easier than going out and buying all the tools," he says, joking that working at Allan Reuter or David Durward also cuts down on the amount of sawdust he would have had to deal with at home.

Long-time member John Shaw, who has been a woodworker for the past 18 years, agrees.

"It's a fantastic hobby I enjoy doing and you can socialize," he says, adding the members, which topped the 100 mark this past year and includes men and women, all have different skill levels and are more than happy to share their knowledge.

"In a lot of cases, I learn something from somebody else," he says.

Arts, Culture, Heritage & Architecture at a Glance





Goal #3: Arts, Culture, Heritage & Architecture

Promote a creative environment that encourages arts, culture, and heritage, and values our unique architectural assets.

HOW WE ACCOMPLISHED THIS...

WE ADVANCED ARTS AND CULTURE INITIATIVES THROUGH STRONG PARTNERSHIPS, COLLABORATION AND PROMOTION.

Arts and culture is a vibrant part of our community and we are proud to promote many exceptional events and programs each year. Events such as the Cambridge Celebration of the Arts, Youth Arts Week, Cookies and Kids, and the Cambridge Scottish Festival appeal to a wide audience and would not be possible without the dedication of many staff members and community volunteers.

We recognized and celebrated community members and groups who have made outstanding commitments to local arts and culture through our awards and bursary programs, including the Arts and Cultural Achievement Recognition awards and the 37th annual Bernice Adams Memorial Awards.

The City also participated in Culture Days, a national celebration of Canadian culture offered coast to coast to coast on the last weekend of September. There were **24 free activities** hosted during Culture Days, including murals, a studio tour, activities at the Farmers' Market and more.



WE CONSERVED AND MADE POSITIVE CONTRIBUTIONS TO OUR HERITAGE DISTRICTS AND BUILDINGS THROUGHOUT THE COMMUNITY.

Heritage is an important part of our community identity, and the City continued to support initiatives to tell our unique story. The City hosted it's first Heritage Day event at City Hall on May 11, inviting local history groups and community members to participate and raise awareness of our rich heritage. The Cambridge Hall of Fame re-launch on October 10 saw **nine new inductees** added to the Hall of Fame, from a record 21 nominations. Visitors to the Cambridge Archives have also increased by nearly 20 percent over 2018 (**cambridge.ca/archives**).

The heritage restoration of the David Durward Centre and repointing of the south façade helped to conserve a significant building in our community, and the Cambridge Mausoleum underwent a roof replacement and restoration of the stained glass windows and main door of the chapel. The Old Post Office also continued to generate positive media coverage, being featured in the National Capital Commission's Urbanism Lab and Wallpaper* Magazine's worldwide guide to modern libraries.



WE FACILITATED, SUPPORTED AND PROVIDED A DIVERSE RANGE OF ACTIVITIES, EVENTS AND FESTIVALS THAT BROUGHT PEOPLE TOGETHER FROM ACROSS THE CITY, REGION AND BEYOND.

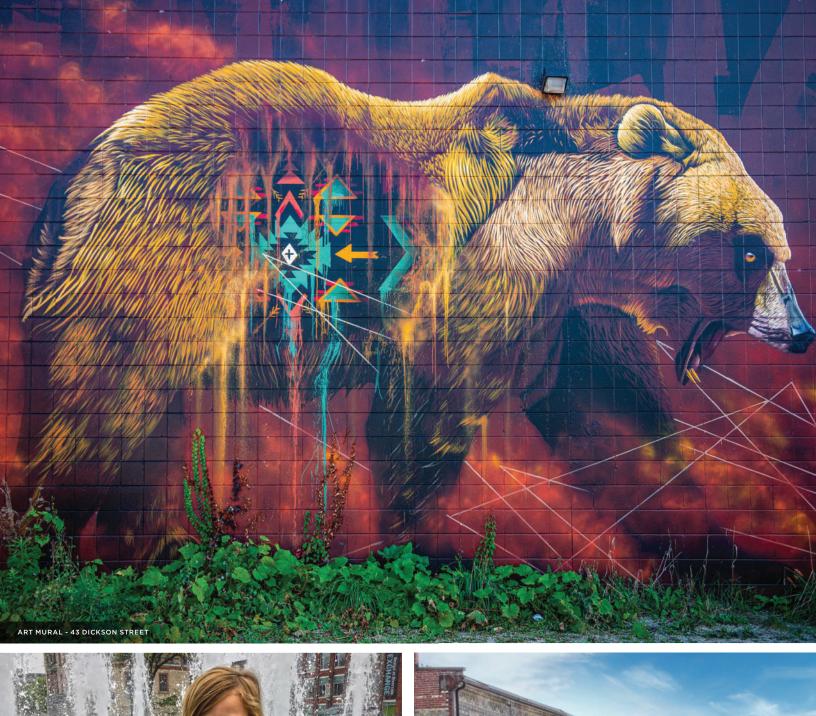
The City continued its tradition of offering high-quality community events year-round and was proud to have our signature Christmas in Cambridge event recognized by Festival and Events Ontario as one of the **top 100 festivals** in the province in 2019.

Staff supported more than 150 events in a variety of ways throughout the year (cambridge.ca/specialevents). We continued to offer a wide range of festivals and programs including free summer events in Civic Square, Concerts in the Park, projection shows at the Old Post Office, Family Day events, the Community Oktoberfest Luncheon and many more.

Doors Open Cambridge also welcomed community members and visitors inviting them to explore **14 sites in Cambridge** on September 21, including a river walk in Galt, the Young Chapel, the Cambridge Mausoleum, places of faith, local businesses and hidden gems.

BY THE NUMBERS

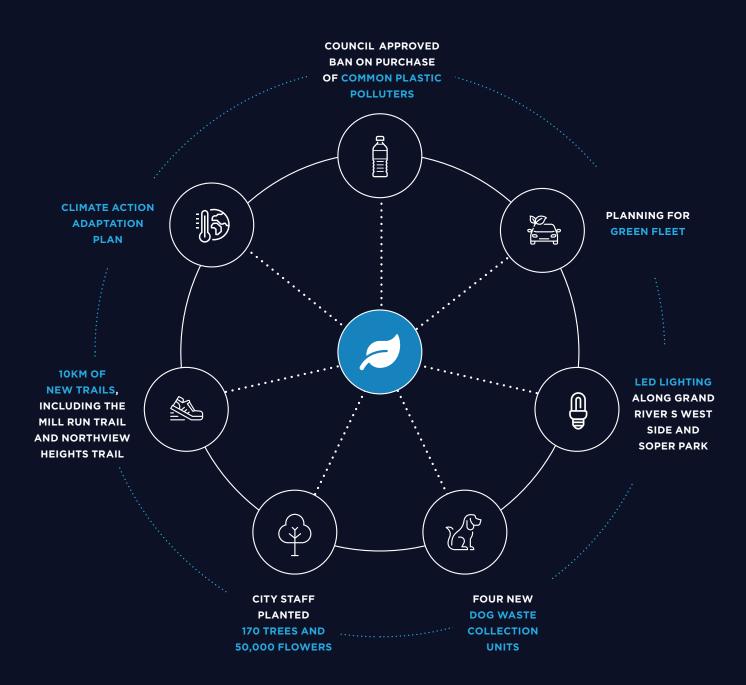
SNAPSHOT - CAMBRIDGE SPECIAL EVENTS	2019
Estimated Attendance	
Canada Day	35,000
Cambridge Rotary Ribfest	30,000
Christmas in Cambridge	22,500
Cambridge Fall Fair	10,000
Cambridge Santa Claus Parade	6,000
Summer Civic Square Events (Whimsical Wednesday & Outdoor Movie Night)	6,200
Cambridge Scottish Festival	5,000
Kin Carnival	5,000
Cambridge Celebration of the Arts	3,500
Hespeler Village Music Festival	3,000
Cambridge Tour de Grand	3,000
Hot Springs Music Festival	3,000
Hespeler Santa Claus Parade	2,500
Concerts in the Park	1,000







Environments & Rivers at a Glance





Goal #4: Environment & Rivers

Be good stewards of the rivers, waterways and natural environment that this community enjoys.

HOW WE ACCOMPLISHED THIS...

WE LOOKED FOR WAYS TO MAKE SUSTAINABILITY PRINCIPLES A PART OF THE CITY DECISION MAKING PROCESSES.

Sustainability and environmental stewardship continue to be a priority for our city operations. We continued with the implementation of our corporate Energy Conservation/Green House Gas (GHG) Plan that applies to facilities, fleet and operations. Highlights include the planning of a **Green Fleet** that will provide electric vehicles for building inspection staff, as well as a new Council-approved ban on the purchase of common plastic polluters, such as stir sticks and plastic utensils. We also began a waste audit to identify areas for additional improvement.

Parks, Recreation, and Culture has also continued to prioritize energy conservation in 2019 by making improvements to energy use, lighting output and public security at parks and recreation properties. Building on previous work upgrading interior lighting within arenas, pools, and other municipal facilities and buildings, the focus shifted to exterior lighting in 2019. All the walkway lighting along the Grand River's West side walkways was upgraded to LED lighting, as were all the pathway lights within Soper Park. These upgrades will lead to a savings of **6.29 kW** and an estimated **27,500 kW hours**,



reducing the City's GHG impacts by **1.37 metric tonnes** and reducing the City's energy bills by **\$3,572 per year**.

As of today, 95 percent of the current park pathway lighting has been upgraded to LED. As well, additional lighting was installed in Riverside Park along a very prominent walkway that leads from the BMX Park parking area to the splash pad area of the park. Energy retrofits of the Hespeler Arena and improvements to the pumps and chiller in the David Durward Centre and Centre for the Arts further contributed to energy conservation and GHG reduction.

Overall in 2019, we achieved **381,539 kW** in energy savings and reduced our GHG emissions by more than **45 tonnes**. More energy retrofits and lighting upgrades are planned for 2020.

WE ENCOURAGED INNOVATIVE APPROACHES TO ADDRESS ENVIRONMENTAL CHALLENGES.

Climate action was front and centre in 2019 as the City developed and adopted its Climate Action Plan. A youth-led climate strike at City Hall attracted **more than 60 people** in September. In November, City Council joined other area municipalities in declaring a Climate Crisis and adopting the "80 by 50" target for an 80 percent reduction of greenhouse gas emissions by 2050.

We continued and expanded the innovative use of new dog waste collection units to divert waste from landfills and convert it into energy. Four of these units were installed in 2019, which will remove **the equivalent of 0.36 tonnes of CO2** from the atmosphere and generate enough energy to power 7.19 homes for a year.

WE WORKED WITH PARTNERS TO EDUCATE THE PUBLIC TO HELP IMPROVE AND PROTECT OUR NATURAL HERITAGE FEATURES.

The City is a core funder and a proud partner with Reep Green Solutions, an environmental charity that helps people in the Waterloo Region live sustainably. The Reep team now has a "touch-down" desk in City Hall as a way to further our partnership and collaboration. We work closely on a number of sustainability initiatives including ClimateActionWR, neighbourhood-based flood prevention, and a new urban forestry initiative that resulted in the planting of **26 trees** on private land. We also continued with the Urban Forest Renewal Program and planted **170 new trees** on public land (cambridge.ca/forestry).

The public was invited to help protect and learn about our natural heritage through events and opportunities such as the community-wide clean up event in April, a sensory-based stroll through Forbes Park with a certified Forest Therapy guide on International Trails Day, and our tree giveaway program.

WE MANAGED CITY RESOURCES IN A RESPONSIBLE AND SUSTAINABLE MANNER, CONSIDERING FUTURE NEEDS FOR RESILIENCY AND COMMUNITY ADAPTATION.

We are committed to ensuring the future of our community is stable and resilient in times of unprecedented environmental change. In addition to the Climate Adaptation Plan and emergency management initiatives, the roads department completed a flood wall construction exercise in August in order to test materials and train staff. The exercise consisted of constructing full emergency flood walls on each of the three bridges in downtown Galt to improve emergency preparedness.

We also completed more than 10km of new trails, including the Mill Run Trail and Northview Heights Trail projects, and engaged the community on the City's Cycling Master Plan. Our city has a strong network of off-road trails as well as on-street cycling routes on both municipal and regional roads, which support our goals to improve active transportation options within the community.

BY THE NUMBERS

	2019	2018	CHANGE		
INVESTING IN OUR COMMUNITY - NEW OR REPLACED INFRASTRUCTURE					
Street trees planted by City staff	170	206	-17%		
Street trees planted by developers	65	481	-86%		
Trees planted in parks and natural areas by Cambridge City Green/Cambridge Stewardship Volunteers	146 220		-34%		
SERVING OUR COMMUNITY - MAINTAINING CITY ASSETS					
Street tree inventory	54,325	54,256	0%		

Parks & Recreation at a Glance





Goal #5: Parks & Recreation

Facilitate and deliver a wide range of accessible and diverse community recreation opportunities.

HOW WE ACCOMPLISHED THIS...

WE WORKED WITH THE COMMUNITY TO PROVIDE THE RIGHT MIX OF RECREATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES THAT MEET THE NEEDS OF OUR CHANGING AND DIVERSE POPULATION.

Recognizing that community recreation opportunities need to be accessible to all residents of Cambridge, we introduced an electronic payment plan option to help make recreation options more affordable (cambridge.ca/recreation). We hosted many free public events, including Family Movie Nights, Whimsical Wednesdays, Community Skate Days, and Cheer on the Raptors in Civic Square.

Our summer camps provided more than **3,100 children and youth** the opportunity to forge new friendships and create wonderful summer memories. New specialty camps such as Archery and Skating as well as a new Leader-In-Training camp helped equip youth with new skills and experiences. More than **70 camp staff and 54 volunteers** helped make our camps a success. Summer camps at the Cambridge Centre for the Arts also welcomed more than **630 campers** last summer.



With assistance from an Ontario Sport and Recreation Communities grant, we introduced affordable skate and helmet rentals at Hespeler Arena and Dickson Centre, and increased the number and types of skating opportunities to provide more options for citizens to get out and get active.

The City also offered programs for older adults and worked with local partners to support events in the community, such as Cambridge Council on Aging's Music & Mindfulness event (cambridge. ca/seniors). Our senior volunteers made an incredible contribution of more than 22,800 volunteer hours across the 50+ Recreation Centres, Friendly Visiting and Day Services programs. The Federal Minister of Seniors, Filomena Tassi, toured the City's 50+ Centres in June.

We continued to enhance the amenities in our parks and natural spaces. In addition to ongoing lighting upgrades, the City made numerous improvements including:

- → A new disc golf course in Soper Park
- → A small-dog zone at Maple Grove dog park
- → Improvements to the Sheffield Equipment Storage Building
- → Installation of the Mountview Columbarium
- → Landscaping and paths in the Sunvest Parkette
- → A basketball pad and hoop installed in the Timbercreek Parkette
- → Improvements to Chrisview Park and Centennial Park



WE INCREASED COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION IN THE ONGOING CARE OF OUR PARKS, NATURAL SPACES AND ENVIRONMENTAL AREAS.

Cambridge City Green engaged residents through a Jane's Walk event at Mill Creek in May, tree and wildflower planting events, Earth Day display and clean-up at the Preston Idea Exchange, and the Cambridge Community Clean-Up, which engaged more than **50 groups** and more than **3,500 volunteers**. The Ancient Mariners also celebrated the 10th anniversary of their Pollinator Preserve project with a planting event, a monitoring project and a ceremony attended by the Mayor and Regional Chair. Three planting events were hosted by City Green's Cambridge Stewardship project including at the Pollinator Preserve, Silverheights Park, and a small site near Southwood Secondary School establishing **150 native wildflowers and 146 trees** in total at the three sites.











DEVELOP A STRATEGIC APPROACH TO PROGRAMS AND SERVICES THAT TIE INVESTMENTS AND RESOURCES TO COMMUNITY OUTCOMES.

After significant community consultation on the future of the Cambridge Recreation Complex project, City Council decided in June to move forward with:

- → Building a recreation complex at the City-owned Southeast Galt lands with a 25m swimming pool, gymnasiums, a fitness track and multipurpose rooms
- → Expanding and improving the Preston Memorial Auditorium to make it a twin pad facility
- → Planning for decommissioning of John Dolson Centre Pool, Karl Homuth Arena, Duncan McIntosh Arena and Dickson Arena as new or improved facilities become operational
- → Entering into discussions with Buckingham Sports Properties about expanding the Cambridge Sports Park to be a four-pad facility
- → Working with municipal and other groups in the Region to explore opportunities for a 50m pool within the Region of Waterloo

This decision was made by weighing the collective feedback received from the community through extensive public consultation while also keeping top of mind that the end result must be an affordable and timely solution that is in the best interest of taxpayers, sports and recreation groups and the community.

BY THE NUMBERS

	2019	2018	CHANGE		
INVESTING IN OUR COMMUNITY - NEW OR REPLACED INFRASTRUCTURE					
Playgrounds	3	33%			
SERVING OUR COMMUNITY - PROGRAMS / MAINTAINING CITY ASSETS					
Recreation (participant hours)*	1,589,475	1,413,758	12%		
Parks	102	102	0%		
Playgrounds	66	64	3%		
Trails (km)	104	102	2%		

^{*}Based on best estimates

PROSPERITY

To support and encourage the growth of a highly competitive local economy where there is opportunity for everyone to contribute and succeed. cambridge.ca





Prosperity Feature Story

Strong foundations for the city of the future.

WHEN IT COMES TO ECONOMIC
DEVELOPMENT AND CREATING A CITY OF
'THE FUTURE', JAMES GOODRAM, THE CITY'S
DIRECTOR OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
SAYS TIME IS ALWAYS NEEDED TO LAY THE
NECESSARY GROUNDWORK, BOTH IN TERMS
OF INFRASTRUCTURE AND PERCEPTION.

In downtown Cambridge, 60 Main Street, which had been vacant for years, is now the home to Milestone Integrated Marketing. This renovation, which has transformed that corner, is just one of many exciting projects that have been changing the face of this area.

Others include Craig's Crossing, the Old Post
Office - Idea Exchange, and the Hamilton
Family Theatre. Private investments, such as HIP
Development's Gaslight District, Amico's new
seniors' residence on Fraser and the Cambridge
Mill's proposed condo/hotel complex, are adding
even more building blocks to the city's future.

Students are important for a city's vitality and Conestoga College recently announced they would be housing their trades program in the former Erwin Hymer 250,000-square-foot facility on Reuter Drive. As well, the College's Applied Research Hub, which focuses on advanced manufacturing and cyber-security, is located at Grand Innovations' headquarters at 96 Grand Ave. S.

"These things didn't happen overnight, but they are making a big difference," James says, noting that work has started on the new Cambridge Recreation Complex and that the expansion at the Cambridge Memorial Hospital will soon be completed.

"Hospitals are a key and fundamental building block of a community and important to economic growth as well. Health facilities are near the top of the list, along with recreational and cultural amenities, when it comes to what residents want in their community."



As well, James says laying out the route and tracks as part of the region's Light Rail Transit (LRT) will create a wave of investment through Cambridge.

"You're going to see change and investment in Preston Towne Centre in the north end and the benefits will continue as the LRT rolls over to Hespeler Road, which is ripe for redevelopment, and then down to its terminus at the pedestrian bridge," he says. "That's really going to connect the city together as well as the larger region."

Greg Durocher, President and CEO of the Cambridge Chamber of Commerce, agrees large scale infrastructure projects are important in terms of positioning a community as a progressive and livable city.

"Without strong infrastructure, you cannot market your community as a place that provides the necessary and basic services that businesses need to house their employees and grow their businesses and expand their opportunities," he says.

Recent projects to replace aging infrastructure and streetscaping in the core areas along Dickson, Main, King, Queen and Adam streets, are good examples.

"I've worked in downtown renewal for more than 20 years and I've always been big on a municipality putting money where its mouth is," says James. "If you expect people to invest in your downtown or core areas, then you need to show you are committed to the area, too, and you care about the public realm. When you do the streetscapes it creates that sense of commitment and pride."

Yogesh Shah, Director of Asset Management and Project Management Office, points to other

projects this year, such as energy efficiency improvements to Galt Arena Gardens, Preston Memorial Arena, and Hespeler Arena. The installation of new smart meters in households is another example of how the City is always looking at new ways to ensure modern and efficient services.

"The new smart meters use remote meter reading and alerts for possible leaks or flow problems," says Yogesh. "This real-time data will help ensure bill accuracy and allows City staff and residents the ability to detect potential issues and avoid unnecessary water costs."

As well, by adopting trenchless technology, a form of underground construction, the City has renewed more than 14 km of pipe without digging up the roads or environmentally sensitive areas which has helped both residents and businesses due to fewer disruptions and caused less wear and tear on vehicles.

In terms of roads, Yogesh says the City is finalizing plans for new collector roads to promote access and attract interest in a 400-acre industrial park in the city's north end.

Greg says a strong partnership between the business community and the City is vital in terms of the overall economic development of the region.

"That partnership is extremely important, especially within the perspective of the City's economic division," he says. "We're both in sync with what we want to do which is raise the bar on our economic activity and make our community more prosperous and vibrant where opportunity is the flavour of the day for those looking to other communities to move to, or business opportunities to expand and grow in our community."

James says the collective drive between the City and many partners to bring Dare Foods' headquarters to Cambridge is the perfect example of how partnerships are needed. The company had initially looked at relocating to the United States

"We literally all pulled together in the region," he says.
"What's good for Cambridge is good for Waterloo Region and vice versa."

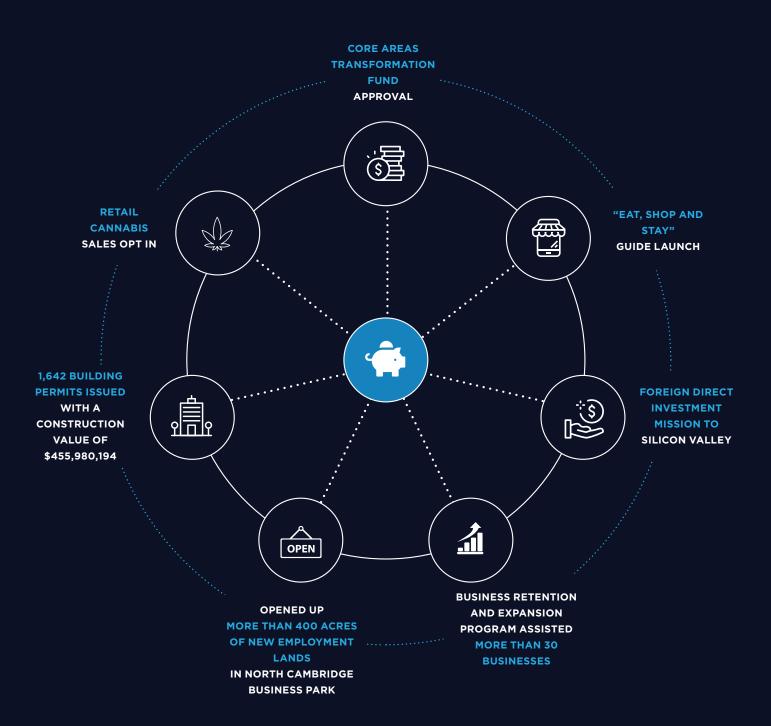
2019 TECHNOLOGY ADVANCES







Economic Development & Tourism at a Glance





Goal #6: Economic Development & Tourism

Support and promote a strong, dynamic, and innovative local economy.

HOW WE ACCOMPLISHED THIS	IOW V	NF	ACCO	MPLISH	FD THIS.
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WE SUPPORTED EXISTING AND NEW EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES BY CREATING A DESTINATION OF CHOICE FOR BUSINESSES THAT WANT TO THRIVE AND GROW.

Investment in Cambridge in 2019 included:

- → The sale of the remaining 38 acres of industrial land in the Boxwood Business Campus for more than 300,000 square feet of industrial space
- More than 30 business visits to assist in retention or expansion efforts of local companies
- → Secured investment and worked with private developers to open up more than 400 acres of new employment lands in North Cambridge Business Park
- → Completed phase two of the Downtown Security Camera program
- → Conestoga College acquired 25 Reuter Drive, a 250,000 square foot facility to consolidate and grow their skilled trade programs
- → Assisted Westfalia in establishing their new Roadtrek manufacturing facility
- → A new Lexus line is being added to the Cambridge Toyota plant representing an investment of more than a billion dollars

- → Launch of phase two of the Gaslight District project which includes Foundry Brewing and a new state-of-the art event space known as Tapestry Hall, creating the largest event space in Cambridge
- → Foreign Direct Investment trade mission to Silicon Valley attended by Mayor McGarry, senior staff and Waterloo Economic Development Corporation
- → Issued 1,642 building permits with a total construction value of \$455,980,194. The permits breakdown to \$146,743,314 industrial, commercial and institutional, \$286,298,901 residential and \$22,937,979 other.
- → Opted in to retail cannabis sales creating new opportunities for business development
- → Worked with the Waterloo Regional Tourism Marketing Corporation to implement the Municipal Accommodation Tax to support local tourism



WE PROMOTED OUR VIBRANT DOWNTOWN CORES BY ENCOURAGING PARTNERSHIPS AND CREATING A WIDE RANGE OF UNIQUE, EXCITING DESTINATIONS AND ACTIVITIES.

In July, City Council unanimously approved the creation of the Core Areas Transformation Fund. Over the next decade, this fund will be used for projects that will stimulate growth and investment in the Downtown Cambridge, Hespeler Village and Preston Towne Centre core areas. It focuses on three key areas: private sector stimulus, strategic land acquisitions, and placemaking - art and culture projects.

There is much to celebrate in our commercial areas, as evidenced by the launch of a new interactive "Eat, Shop and Stay" guide to highlight great places to visit throughout the city (cambridge.ca/eatshopstay). More than 25 new businesses opened in our core areas. Additionally, 78 businesses took advantage of the Corridor Draft Secondary Plan and meeting with Digital Main Street program to modernize their digital footprint resulting in more than \$20,000 in grants.

It was another great year for the film industry

in Cambridge, particularly in our heritage core areas. In total, there were 61 days of filming, generating an estimated economic impact of \$1.25 million. Additionally, the City of Cambridge was recognized by a film industry client for exceptional customer service with a nomination to the Location Managers Guild International for its work with the television series. The Handmaid's Tale. This was the first time a Canadian film office has been nominated for such a prestigious award.

We continued to plan for success and growth by reviewing the city-wide Zoning Bylaw and assessing infilling and intensification, including hosting a public meeting for the Hespeler Road Main and Dundas Street owners. We also initiated a project looking at proposed building heights in the Galt core area, planned for completion in 2020.

WE IDENTIFIED LOCAL ECONOMIC STRENGTHS AND LEVERAGED OPPORTUNITIES THROUGH COLLABORATION WITH OUR PARTNERS.

We worked with Grand Innovations and Conestoga College to integrate their programming with the relocation of Invest Cambridge offices to 96 Grand Ave. This award-winning project was recognized by the International Economic Development Council for its innovative approach to economic development partnerships. The focus of this unique and exciting project is on building collaborations with:

- → Conestoga College
- → The Innovation Hub
- → 'thehive' (Cambridge Chamber of Commerce entrepreneur incubator)
- → Our business community

In October, we celebrated Manufacturing Day with bus tours of manufacturing employers in our community. The manufacturing sector represents more than 500 businesses and employs 22 percent of our labour force in Cambridge. We also hosted the second annual Invest Cambridge Appreciation Breakfast, celebrating employers for their achievements and continued investments.

In support of small business and entrepreneurship development, we worked with the Waterloo Region Small Business Centre, promoting the Starter Company Plus program, and offering free seminars, workshops and consultation services for businesses through Invest Cambridge.



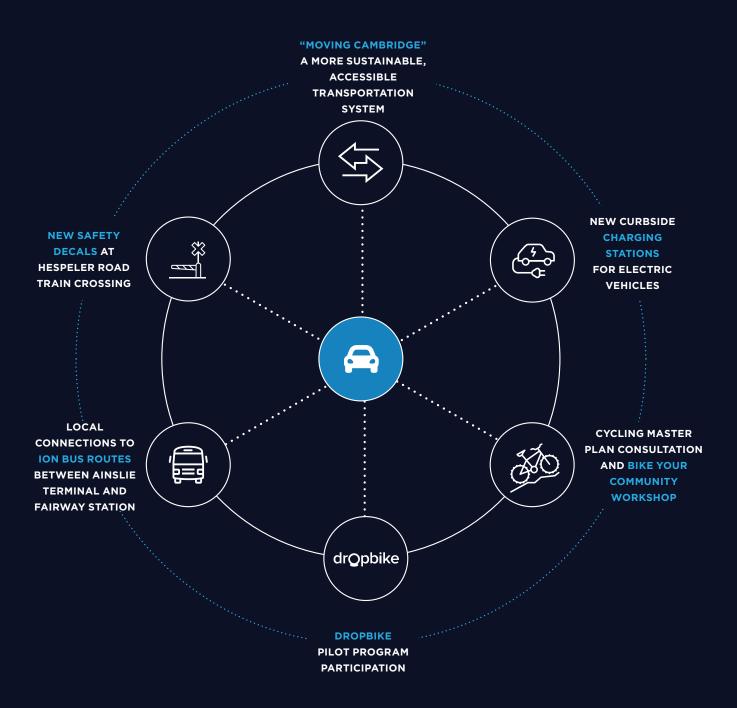




BY THE NUMBERS

	2019	2018	CHANGE		
SERVING OUR COMMUNITY					
Zoning bylaw amendments	9	17	-47%		
Official plan amendments	4	4	0%		
Site plan control applications	46	88	-48%		
Site plan control approvals	39	38	3%		
Subdivision applications	1	2	-50%		
Minor variance applications	70	66	6%		
Severance applications	20	36	-44%		
Business licences issued	848	850	-0%		
Lottery licences	161	159	1%		
Building permits issued	1,642 1,725		-5%		
WATERLOO SMALL BUSINESS CENTRE - CAMBRIDGE LOCATION					
Total inquiries	1,399	1,081	29%		
Consultations	186	143	30%		
Seminars and workshops	27	37	-27%		
Business development activities	opment activities 10		-29%		
Businesses started	131	183	-28%		
Jobs created	152	204	-25%		

Transportation & Infrastructure at a Glance





Goal #7: Transportation & Infrastructure

Create and maintain
a highly effective,
sustainable and
coordinated local
infrastructure and
transportation network.

HOW WE ACCOMPLISHED THIS...

WE FOUND NEW WAYS TO HELP PEOPLE MOVE WITHIN AND BEYOND THE CITY WITHOUT USING A CAR (WALKING, CYCLING AND TRANSIT).

We continued to develop a growing variety of transit options and work with the Region of Waterloo on transit supportive strategies. Significant accomplishments include:

- → Participation in the DropBike pilot program, which allowed users to download a free app to access bicycles in several convenient locations throughout Cambridge and across the region between June and November
- → Ongoing advocacy efforts for Cambridge on the GO and participation in feasibility studies looking at the opportunities for GO transit and LRT service in Cambridge
- → Integrating local transportation options with the new ION buses operating between Ainslie Terminal and Fairway Station
- → Cambridge Council support for the recommended route for Stage 2 ION (rapid transit line from Fairview Mall to Galt)



In the spring, we hosted a Bike Your City community workshop and launched public engagement for the **Cycling Master Plan update**, listening to the public and stakeholders regarding the proposed cycling network. This project is scheduled for completion in 2020.

In addition to developing new transportation options, we also worked to ensure community safety. Transportation professionals from across Waterloo Region gathered in October to brainstorm ways to improve the wing side visibility for operators during snow events. We also partnered with CN Rail and Operation Lifesaver on a railway safety campaign in September, unveiling new safety decals at the Hespeler Road train crossing during Railway Safety Week.

WE WORKED WITH THE REGION AND OTHER PARTNERS TO BETTER COORDINATE THE PLANNING, COMMUNICATION AND DELIVERY OF INFRASTRUCTURE.

We wrapped up the City's first Transportation Master Plan, "Moving Cambridge" (cambridge.ca/movingcambridge). This master plan will guide the management of the City's transportation system over the next 25 years.

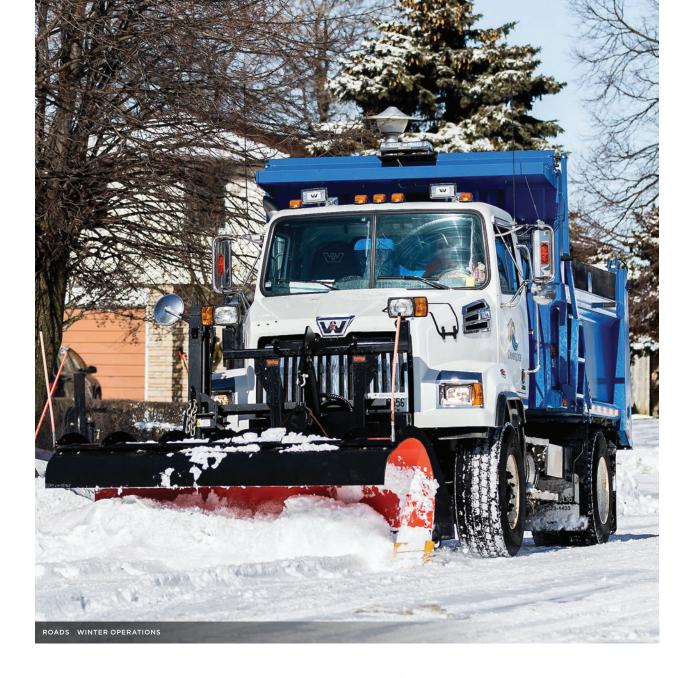
"Moving Cambridge" is a tool and a policy framework that deals with automobiles, public transit, cycling, walking, trucking, commuting, traffic management and system maintenance. The plan was developed at the same time as the Region's Transportation Master Plan to enhance overall coordination, and will be updated every 5 to 10 years. The City's main goal is to build a more sustainable, accessible transportation system for everyone. This includes planning for new transportation trends such as:

- → Alternative fuels
- → Driverless vehicles
- → New traffic management techniques
- → Travel opportunities including GO commuter service and ION Rapid Transit service

With more than 1,400 electric vehicles registered to owners throughout Waterloo Region, we are implementing and expanding the availability of curbside charging stations for electric vehicles in the city, working in partnership with Grand River Energy to add stations on Dickson Street and Tannery Street East.

We also undertook a number of other infrastructure projects in 2019, including:

- → Provincial approval of the environmental assessment to reconstruct Riverside Dam
- → Completion of environmental assessment for the Beverly Street underpass
- Ongoing water, sewer and road infrastructure maintenance and replacement
- → Design work for future reconstruction of Black Bridge and Townline Road



WE PROVIDED INNOVATIVE LEADERSHIP IN THE MANAGEMENT OF CITY ASSETS TO HELP PLAN, FUND AND MAINTAIN ASSETS IN A SUSTAINABLE WAY.

We updated our existing Asset Management Plan, which is a requirement of the Province, and moved forward on several projects that improve the City's overall maintenance of assets and infrastructure. This included the roll-out of the next phase of the **smart water meter project**, with city-wide installation of the meters beginning in October.

Following the Service Delivery Review, we moved forward with a **Winter Operations Optimization Study** that is anticipated to be completed in 2020. Under the Asset Management Program, we implemented work management systems for the City's facilities division and parks, recreation and culture division. These initiatives will help the City identify ways to efficiently deliver services and improve our business planning practices.

BY THE NUMBERS

	2019	2018	CHANGE		
INVESTING IN OUR COMMUNITY - NEW OR REPLACED INFRASTRUCTURE					
Parking lots	0	1	-100%		
Sidewalk (km)	5.2	7.1	-27%		
Community trails (km)	0.5	4.9	-90%		
Traffic signs	351	310	13%		
Roads (km)	10	16	-38%		
Street lights	55	209	-74%		
Water distribution system (km)	5	4	25%		
Sanitary collections system (km)	3.7	5	-26%		
Storm collections system (km)	2.3	3.50	-34%		
SERVING OUR COMMUNITY - MAINTAINING CITY ASSETS					
Roadways (km)	1,012	1,009	0%		
Sidewalks (km)	668	666	0%		
Bike lanes on roads (km)	26	26	0%		
Stormwater (km)	372	369	1%		
Sewer (km)	533	531	0%		
Watermains (km)	527	523	1%		
Bridges/culverts	73	71	3%		
Street lights	10,450	10,296	1%		
Maintenance work orders	6,664	6,621	1%		
Water maintenance work orders	7,519	5,621	34%		
Sewer maintenance work orders	2,691	2,457	10%		

2019 ROAD PROJECTS COMPLETED

→ Adam Street → Elliot Street → Goldie Avenue → Melrose Street

→ Blair Road → Francis Street → Hewat Street → Wright Avenue

→ Edgar Street → Frederick Street → Main Street

Awards

TOP 100 EVENTS	ECCLESIASTICAL INSURANCE CORNERSTONE AWARD		AZURE ARCHITECTURE AWARD		
Top 100 Events of 2019 by Festivals and Events Ontario (FEO) awarded to Christmas in Cambridge for being a well-known and respected celebration in the province	2019 Ecclesiastical Insurance Cornerstone Award by the National Trust for Canada and Ecclesiastical Insurance Inc. awarded to the Old Post Office for exemplary projects and places that contribute to quality of life and sense of place, and illustrate the viability of heritage buildings for traditional or new uses		Azure Architecture Award 2019 - Best Adaptive Re- Use category awarded to the Idea Exchange Old Post Office for gracefully marrying old and new		
APEX AWARD	ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT		BROWNIE AWARD		
Silver APEX Award - Public Spaces at the Digital Signage Expo for the digital projection show at the Old Post Office	Silver Excellence in Economic Development Award Partnerships from the International Economic Development Council (IEDC) for an innovative partnership with Conestoga College and Grand Innovations		Legislative, Policy & Program Initiative - Brownie Award 2019 awarded to the Waterloo Brownfields Financial Incentive Program, a partnership with the Region of Waterloo and area municipalities		
CANADIA	CANADIAN AWARD FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING				
Canadian Award for Financial Reporting for the City's Annual Financial Report (2018) from the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA)					
FINALIST		FINALIST			
"Outstanding Film Commission/Office", Location Managers Guild International Awards 2019 (LMGI), the first-ever Canadian office to have received nomination for this prestigious award, one of five finalists		Smart Cities Challenge, Smart Waterloo Region partnership - one of five finalists			

Canadian Award for Financial Reporting

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Canadian Award for Financial Reporting (CAnFR) to the Corporation of the City of Cambridge for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018.

The CAnFR program was established in 1986. The program encourages and assists Canadian local governments to go beyond the minimum requirements and prepare annual financial reports that model transparency and full The CAnFR recognizes disclosure. excellence in government accounting and financial reporting and represents a significant accomplishment by a municipal government and its management.

In order to be awarded a CAnFR, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such report should go beyond the minimum requirements of generally accepted accounting principles and demonstrate an effort to clearly communicate the municipal government's financial picture, enhance an understanding of financial reporting by municipal governments, and address user needs.

The CAnFR program award submissions are reviewed by a committee of GFOA professional staff, experts in Canadian Public Sector financial reporting, independent auditors, academics, and finance professionals. A CAnFR is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Canadian Award for Financial Reporting program requirements.

The Corporation of the City of Cambridge received its fourth award in



Government Finance Officers Association

Canadian Award for Financial Reporting

Presented to

The Corporation of the City of Cambridge, Ontario

For its Annual Financial Report for the Year Ended

December 31, 2018

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

2019 for the 2018 Financial Report. The City of Cambridge is continuing this standard of high quality reporting for the submission and evaluation for the 2019 award program.

Report from the Chief Financial Officer

The City of Cambridge (the "City") is pleased to present its Annual Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2019. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards established by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) of the Chartered Professional Accountant of Canada. The City's external auditors, KPMG, LLP, has performed an audit of these financial statements in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and have expressed an unqualified audit opinion that the consolidated statements are free from material misstatement and fairly present the financial position of the City as at December 31, 2019 in all material respects.

The Financial Statements Discussion and Analysis communicates to residents, businesses, and stakeholders the results of the City's 2019 financial performance. The financial statements show the City is fiscally strong with accumulated surplus of \$736.1 million. A key indicator of a municipality's financial condition is its net financial assets which represent the difference between the financial assets less liabilities. Overall the City has maintained a strong financial position in 2019 with financial assets exceeding liabilities by \$110.5 million, an increase of \$11.7 million over 2018.

Programs and service levels are provided to the community as established by City of Cambridge Council through the annual budget. The City ended the year with a budget surplus of \$1.39 million which represents a variance of 1.2% of the gross operating budget and indicates good financial management. The surplus is mainly attributed to one-time revenues or savings in expenses that are not expected to continue in future years. This includes salary gapping savings through retirements and staff turnover, and increased investment income as a result of favourable market conditions in 2019. The above noted savings were partially offset by waived development charges exceeding the council approved allocation, the city's general maintenance cost being over budget due to aging infrastructure and unplanned repairs in recreation and cultural services, and lower than anticipated program revenues in recreation and cultural services. The City's accumulated surplus increased by \$17 million or 2.37% over 2018, mainly as a result of increased reserves and investment in tangible capital assets.

The City's Water and Wastewater utility budgets also realized a surplus in 2019 of \$0.71 million and \$0.86 million respectively. The primary drivers of this are savings in bulk water purchases from the Region of Waterloo, a higher percentage of water being billed for revenue, and savings in wastewater treatment costs due to efficiencies realized in inflow and infiltration.

The City's sustainable and forward thinking approach to financial management continues to serve the organization well as it responds to ongoing challenges within the community such as homelessness and the opioid crisis.

The City continues to be an award winning organization for its government accounting and financial reporting, having been honoured the past four years with the Canadian Award for Financial Reporting by the Government Finance Officers Association. The award is presented annually to Canadian local governments that go beyond the minimum requirements and prepare annual financial reports that model transparency and full disclosure.

There are many contributors to the City's success and achievements. Thank you to City Council, the City Manager, Deputy City Managers, and staff in all departments for their efforts in ensuring the City remains in a strong financial position.

Sheryl Ayres, CPA, CGA Chief Financial Officer

May 19, 2020

Management Responsibility

CITY MANAGEMENT AND COUNCIL ROLES

The City's management is responsible for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures.

The City's management monitors and maintains a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded, transactions are properly authorized and recorded in compliance with legislative and regulatory requirements, and reliable financial information is available on a timely basis for preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

City Council meets with management and the external auditor to review the Consolidated Financial Statements and to discuss any significant financial reporting and internal control matters prior to their approval of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

FINANCIAL AUDIT

The Consolidated Financial Statements have been audited by KPMG LLP, an independent external auditor appointed by the City. The Independent Auditor's Report which is included in the statements provides an unqualified opinion on the City's Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2019. The report also contains the auditor's responsibilities and the scope of their examination.

An audit is conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. These standards require that the auditors comply with ethical requirements necessary to plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance that the Consolidated Financial Statements are free from material error.

An audit involves performing specific procedures chosen by the auditor to obtain evidence in order to verify the amounts and disclosures in the Consolidated Financial Statements as well as to assess the risk of a material misstatement. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

FINANCIAL BUDGET

The budget is an important strategic planning and control tool that is required by legislation. Section 290 of the *Municipal Act, 2001* requires a municipality to adopt a budget including estimates of all sums required during the year for the purpose of the municipality. The City's budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The budget supports many different services and projects and is based on balancing priorities while maintaining current service levels, investing in growth where appropriate and making prudent financial decisions.

The process of budget compilation commences early in the year in an effort to ensure the City has an approved budget in place for the start of the new fiscal year. The City's management prepares a proposed budget which is submitted to the City Council in December for review and approval.

Financial Statements Discussion and Analysis

The accompanying Financial Statements are prepared in accordance with the Canadian public sector accounting standards published by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada.

The Financial Statements Discussion and Analysis and Financial Report is published to provide the City's Council, staff, citizens and other readers with detailed information concerning the financial position and activities of the Corporation of the City of Cambridge.

There are four required Financial Statements: Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus, Statement of Change in Net Financial Assets and Statement of Cash Flows. These Financial Statements provide information on the cost of all City activities, how they were financed, investing activities, as well as the assets and liabilities of the City.

Risk Management and Significant Financial Management Policies

The financial management and control of the City is governed through by-laws and Council resolutions that prescribe purchasing, accounting, investing, risk management, and debt policies. City Council has sole authority to allocate funds through the annual operating and capital budget approval process.

The annual operating budget is balanced with revenues equalling expenditures for the budget year. The operating budget must include estimates of all sums required by the municipality including all forms and sources of revenues and expenditures.

Sound financial policies are key to ensuring that the tax levy does not become an increasing burden on the community. The City strives to maximize non-tax sources of revenue to sustain our level of services to our residents. The City charges user fees to recover costs of services where it is appropriate to do so. A review of user fees is completed annually to ensure that fees are increasing at the appropriate yearly rate of inflation. Council annually reviews and approves the City's Municipal Fees and Charges Bylaw.

The City's financial management policies regarding Tangible Capital Assets ("TCAs") stipulate that said assets are recorded at cost and include all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development, or betterment of the asset. The costs, less residual value, of the TCAs are amortized on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives. TCAs under development are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use, at which time they are capitalized. The City has a capitalization threshold of \$50,000 for each individual asset class, such that individual TCAs of lesser value are expensed unless they are pooled, because collectively they have significant value or could not be operated separately.

The City's financial policies establish guidelines for debt limits, revenue sources and utilization of reserves and reserve funds, budget variance reporting and include the procurement by-law and setting authorization limits. These policies are intended to mitigate risk, safeguard the City's assets and ensure that proper internal controls are in place.

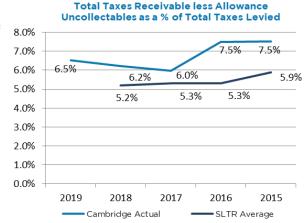
2019 Financial Highlights

The financial highlights compare select ratios that are calculated and tracked by the Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing (The Ministry) for all municipalities in Ontario. The Ministry also provides comparative benchmarks for municipalities with similar traits to the City in terms of location and tier which allows the City to track themselves against their peers. These ratios fall into two categories, sustainability and flexibility. Sustainability refers to the degree to which the City can maintain its existing obligations in terms of service levels as well as its financial commitments without increasing debt or taxes. In comparison, flexibility ratios provide insight into how much a government can change its debt and tax level to meet its existing financial obligations and its service commitments. The City has included the average of municipalities that fall under The Ministry's South Lower Tier Region Non-Rural category (SLTR) in the analysis below. This will show how the City has been performing in comparison to other municipalities in that category. Please note that the 2019 average data is missing because the Ministry analysis of neighbouring Financial Information Returns has not yet been disclosed.

TOTAL TAXES RECEIVABLE LESS ALLOWANCE UNCOLLECTABLE AS A % OF TOTAL TAXES LEVIED

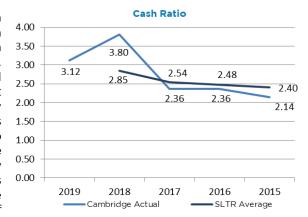
The City has shown strong fiscal management which is evident in the trend of total taxes receivable less allowance for uncollectible amounts as a percentage of total taxes levied. From 2015 to 2017, the ratio

has steadily decreased from 7.5% to 6.0%. The city has experienced a slight increase, moving to 6.2% in 2018 and 6.5% in 2019. Taxes receivable is the amount of outstanding taxes owed to the municipality. High outstanding taxes may reflect the inability of residents to pay their taxes or it could indicate problems with the municipality's tax collection procedures. High outstanding taxes could create cash flow problems for the municipality or result in higher tax rates to fund uncollectable taxes or tax write-offs. The City is showing improvement in recent years and has remained below 7.0% since 2017. Although this is slightly higher than the SLTR average, it demonstrates that the City is sustainably collecting taxes and is remaining consistently below 10.0% which represents the lowest risk threshold as per the Ministry.



CASH RATIO

The cash ratio is a key measure of the City's short-term financial health. This ratio compares the cash and cash equivalents to current liabilities and should remain above 0.5:1 to be considered low risk by The Ministry. The ratio is an indicator of how much cash and liquid investments could be available to cover the current obligations of the municipality and is an increasingly important ratio during uncertain times. The City has been improving slowly moving from 2.14:1 in 2015 to 3.80:1 in 2018 where it was performing better than the SLTR average. In 2019, the ratio decreased slightly mainly due to a decrease in cash and cash equivalents during 2019 which funded the acquisition of tangible capital assets and investments. However, the rate of

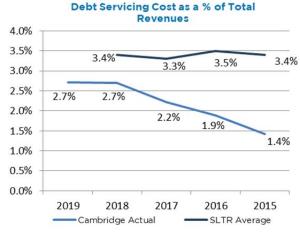


3.12:1 in 2019 indicates that the City has \$3.12 of liquid assets for every \$1 of current liabilities which is a strong ratio and leaves the City well positioned to endure pressures caused during challenging times.

DEBT SERVICING COSTS AS A % OF TOTAL REVENUES

The audited financial statements indicate that the City is fiscally strong with accumulated surplus, as at December 31, 2019 of \$736.1 million. Strong fiscal management is also confirmed by the City's debt servicing costs to total revenues being 2.7% which is in The Ministry's low risk threshold of 5% or less.

Debt servicing costs to total revenues is the amount of principal and interest that a municipality must pay each year to service the debt as a percentage of total revenue less donated tangible capital assets. As debt service increases, it reduces expenditure flexibility. This graph shows that the City has strong financial flexibility as it is consistently below the recommended threshold. Even though The City has seen their percentage of debt servicing to total revenues increase from 1.4% in 2015 to 2.7% in 2019 it has remained consistent year over year and continuously preforms better than the SLTR average. The City acknowledges that this ratio will have to increase in the coming years as the City's capital forecast includes many key and growth related projects. However, this further highlights the strong financial

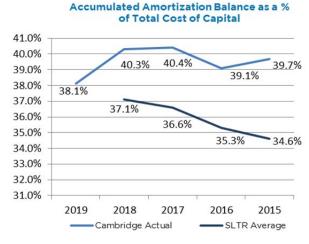


management of the City by persistently keeping debt low in preparation for these projects.

ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION BALANCE AS A % OF TOTAL COST OF CAPITAL

The City's accumulated amortization balance as a percent of capital costs for 2019 was 38.1%, a decrease of 2.2% from 2018. Accumulated amortization is the amount of use that a municipality has

received from all of its tangible capital asset and the total cost is the amount paid for those assets. Therefore, this ratio is important to show how much of the City's assets' life expectancy has been consumed so far as well as how quickly the City is renewing aging infrastructure. When comparing the City of Cambridge to the SLTR average, the City of Cambridge has used a larger percentage of assets compared to their cost than other municipalities which would signify that the City's infrastructure is older than average. However, it is noteworthy that the City has been working to update its infrastructure and over the last two years has consistently seen this ratio improve. Other municipalities in the area have comparatively been trending in the opposite direction showing that infrastructure is aging at a quicker pace than its being renewed. The City will continue to work to close its



infrastructure deficit to ensure that tangible capital assets can be replaced or renewed on a timely basis.

2019 Financial Summary

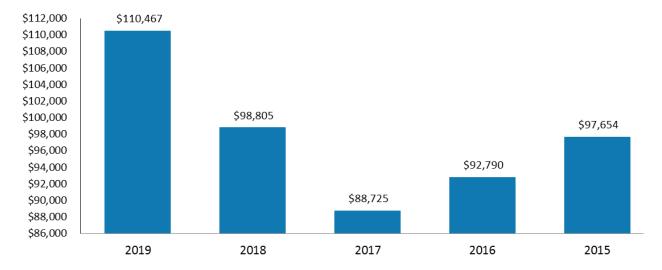
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

NET FINANCIAL ASSETS

		2019		2018		Change	% Change
Financial accets	<u>خ</u>	204 425 022	Ļ	270 410 976	Ļ	24 005 147	12 570/
Financial assets Less financial liabilities	Ş	193,957,902	Ş	270,419,876 171,614,833	>	34,005,147 22,343,069	13.02%
Net financial assets	\$	110,467,121	\$	98,805,043	\$	11,662,078	11.80%

The City ended 2019 with a net financial asset position (financial assets less financial liabilities) of \$110.5 million, an increase of 11.80% or \$11.7 million from the prior year. This is made up of an increase in financial assets of \$34.0 million and an increase in financial liabilities of \$22.3 million. The following chart illustrates the five year trend in net financial assets.

NET FINANCIAL ASSETS (IN THOUSAND DOLLARS)

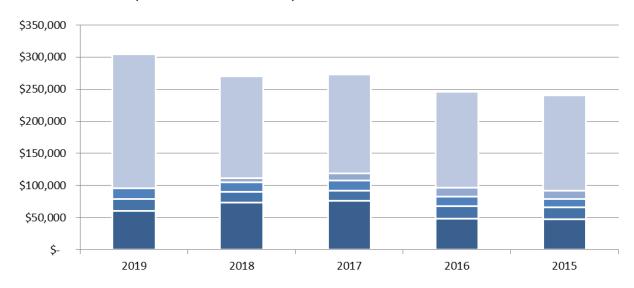


FINANCIAL ASSETS

In 2019 the City's financial assets have increased by \$34.0 million due to investments increasing by \$49.9 million, trade & other receivables increasing by \$1.8 million, taxes and grants in lieu increasing by \$1.4 million, offset by cash and cash equivalents decreasing by \$12.6 million and land held for resale decreasing by \$6.5 million.

On December 31, 2019 the City's cash and investments totaled \$269.4 million, compared to \$232.1 million on December 31, 2018, an increase of \$37.3 million. An increase in Trade and other receivables is the result of timing of payments at year end. Taxes receivable have increased by \$1.4 million and the average taxes receivable per household increased to \$368 in 2019 compared to \$346 in 2018.

FINANCIAL ASSETS (IN THOUSAND DOLLARS)



■ Cash and cash equivalents ■ Taxes and grants-in-lieu ■ Trade and other receivables ■ Land held for resale ■ Investments

CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The 2019 year end cash and cash equivalent balance is \$60.5 million compared to \$73.1 million in 2018. This is a decrease of \$12.6 million. Cash and cash equivalents generated a rate of return in 2019 of 2.28% compared to 1.93% in 2018 resulting from the Bank of Canada overnight rate remaining stable throughout 2019 at 1.75%.

Investments are comprised of two types which are the City's investment in Cambridge and North Dumfries Energy Plus Inc. and marketable securities. The investment in Cambridge and North Dumfries Energy Plus Inc. as at December 31, 2019 was \$89.2 million, an increase of \$3.1 million from 2018. Additionally, the City received a dividend from Cambridge and North Dumfries Energy Plus Inc. in 2019 in the amount of \$3.2 million.

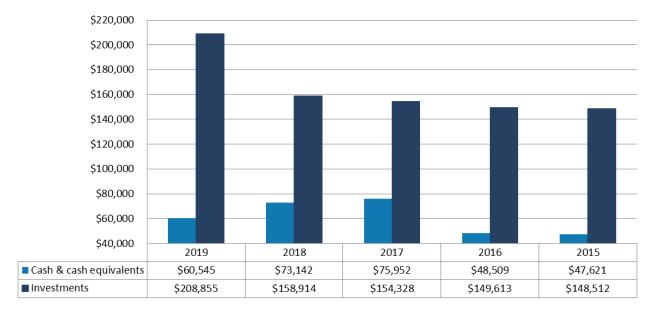
Overall, investment income increased year-over-year in 2019 compared to 2018, largely as a result of the increases in the Bank of Canada's key interest rate which is a driver of the City's bank's prime interest rate and investment options available to the City.

The income on the reserve fund, however, decreased from \$1.5 million in 2018 to \$1.3 million in 2019. This is mainly due to an adjustment to one particular investment product that the City has held for many years. This investment product was associated with bonds, and therefore the market value varied over time from the book value due to changes in interest rates. Generally, investment products are not adjusted to their market values under Public Sector Accounting Standards except when there is a sustained impairment. As staff planned to dispose of this investment product in 2020, its value was therefore adjusted down to its market value as of December 31, 2019 reflecting the impairment.

The return on investment for the reserve fund was therefore only 0.75% in 2019, however would have been 2.42% had it not been for this adjustment. This compares to a return of 2.35% in 2018.

The return on investment for the general fund for 2019 was 2.72%, compared to 2.39% in 2018.

CASH AND INVESTMENT POSITIONS (IN THOUSAND DOLLARS)



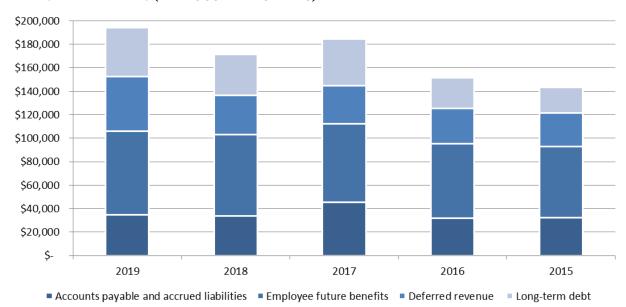
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

The major contributors to the increase of financial liabilities of \$22.3 million are an increase in deferred revenue - obligatory reserve funds and long-term debt as well as lesser increases in employee future benefits, deferred revenue and accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The increase in deferred revenue - obligatory reserve funds of \$11.7 million is due to an increase from 2018 of cash collected but not earned related to capital work activity completed and funded through development charges. The increase in long-term debt of \$6.2 million is due to the issuance of debentures in 2019.

The new debentures issued by the City in 2019 totalled \$10.7 million. The City also paid off \$4.5 million worth of long term debentures. The net impact resulted in an increase of net long-term debentures to \$41.6 million.

Guidelines established by the Ontario Municipal Board (OMB) allows for a maximum debt payment ratio of 25% of total own source revenues exclusive of grant funding, which in 2019 equalled to \$46.8 million. The City Council has set further restrictive guidelines of 10% and up to 15% with the inclusion of non-tax supported debt. The City's current debt capacity ratio of 3% is within the guidelines set by both the OMB and City Council.

FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (IN THOUSAND DOLLARS)



NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS

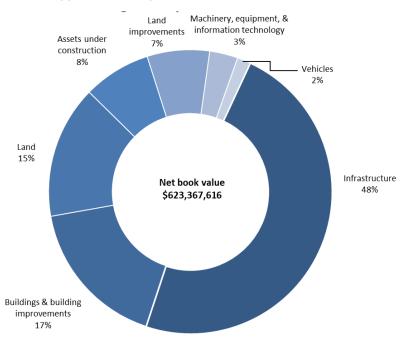
Non-financial assets have continued to increase with a 0.87% increase or \$5.4 million. Non-financial assets primarily consists of tangible capital assets, which reflects the City's investment into capital infrastructure and the value of new assets being added to the City's inventory exceeding the annual amortization costs.

The pie chart on the following page provides the breakdown of tangible capital assets by the type of asset.

TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

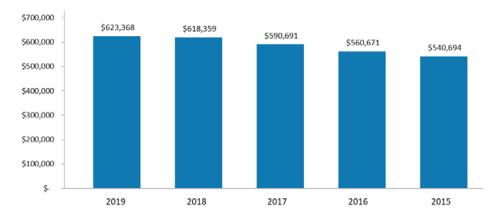
Tangible capital assets totalled \$623.4 million, an increase of \$5.0 million from 2018. The majority of this increase was from infrastructure of \$39.2 million followed by buildings and building improvements of \$20.3 million and machinery, equipment and information technology of \$9.1 million. These increases were offset by a decrease in assets under construction of \$70.1 million. Further details by category can be found on the following page.

2019 TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSET BREAKDOWN



The chart below shows the tangible capital assets growth trend over the previous five years.

TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS (IN THOUSAND DOLLARS)



TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

Asset Type	2019	%	2018	%	Change	%
Land	\$ 94,465,880	15.15%	\$ 91,946,840	14.87%	\$ 2,519,040	2.74%
Land improvements	\$ 44,428,281	7.13%	43,195,024	6.99%	1,233,257	2.86%
Buildings & building improvements	\$ 106,847,140	17.14%	86,522,075	13.99%	20,325,065	23.49%
Infrastructure	\$ 299,975,078	48.12%	260,732,714	42.17%	39,242,364	15.05%
Machinery, equipment, & information technology	\$ 20,134,784	3.23%	10,986,028	1.78%	9,148,756	83.28%
Vehicles	\$ 9,381,142	1.50%	6,714,583	1.09%	2,666,559	39.71%
Assets under construction	\$ 48,135,311	7.72%	118,262,040	19.13%	(70,126,729)	-59.30%
Total	\$ 623,367,616	100.00%	\$ 618,359,304	100.00%	\$ 5,008,312	0.81%

ACCUMULATED SURPLUS

The City has maintained a strong accumulated surplus with a total of \$736.1 million, an increase of 2.37% from the prior year balance of \$719.0 million. The change in the accumulated surplus is generated from the annual excess of revenues over expenses for the year of \$17.1 million. This includes revenues used for the acquisition of tangible capital assets.

It is critical for readers of the Financial Statements to understand that the term "accumulated surplus" cannot be construed as "cash or funds" available for spending, as the bulk of the value is non-financial assets, and reflect the City's investment in infrastructure which is used to deliver programs and services. They are not assets that are surplus to the operations and available to be liquidated.

A detailed breakdown of accumlated surplus (in thousands) is presented in Note 14 "accumulated surplus" of the Consolidated Financial Statements. Summary information is included in the table below:

ACCUMULATED SURPLUS

	2019	2018	Change
Reserves & reserve funds	\$ 97,254,050	\$ 88,713,605	\$ 8,540,445
Surpluses			
Invested in tangible capital assets	623,367,616	618,359,304	5,008,312
Invested in repair and replacement of assets	35,877,954	16,893,410	18,984,544
Invested in Government Business Enterprise	89,241,216	86,176,128	3,065,088
Sanitary Sewage Systems	862,490	2,096,880	(1,234,390)
Water Supply System	711,999	578,608	133,391
General revenue fund	969,225	4,108,390	(3,139,165)
Library board	620,111	115,785	504,326
Business improvement areas	72,851	10,768	62,083
Land held for resale	-	6,519,669	(6,519,669)
Amounts to be recovered			
Employee benefits and post-employment liabilities	(71,305,417)	(69,148,342)	(2,157,075)
Long-term debt	(41,576,835)	(35,379,063)	(6,197,772)
Total accumulated surplus	\$ 736,095,260	\$ 719,045,142	\$ 17,050,118

The reserve and reserve fund balances have increased by \$8.5 million primarly due the sale of industrial land in the Boxwood Business Campus and the creation of the Core Areas Tansformation fund.

The amounts to be recovered balance is comprised of the principal outstanding on debentures issued by the City and estimates of future employee benefit costs.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND ACCUMULATED SURPLUS

The Consolidated Statement of Operations is the municipal equivalent of the private sector's income statement, providing a summary of revenues and expenses throughout the year. Annual surplus reported on this statement is the difference between the cost of providing the City's services and the revenues recognized for the year on an accrual basis. Budget figures represent operating and water/wastewater budgets combined in Note 13 of the Financial Statements.

REVENUES

The City's revenues (excluding other income) for 2019 were \$186.8 million, compared to a budgeted amount of \$178.0 million. The variances between budget and actual primarily relate to differences in land sales and other, investment income, and taxation. Land sales and other for 2019 performed better than budget by \$6.7 million primarily due to the unbudgeted sale of industrial land at the Boxwood Business Campus in 2019. Investment income for 2019 performed better than budget by \$1.4 million primarily due to investments earning a higher rate of return from the prior year and a change in strategy to maximize investment returns. Taxation revenue for 2019 performed better than budget by \$0.7 million primarily due to additional supplemental levies and lower tax write-offs than planned. This and other increases were partially offset by user fees and charges coming in under budget by \$0.9 million, largely resulting from the actual amount of water usage being below the estimated levels as well as regional contract revenues being lower than budgeted.

Note 13 "Budget figures" in the financial statements provides a reconciliation between the statements and the operating and water/wastewater budgets previously approved by City Council.

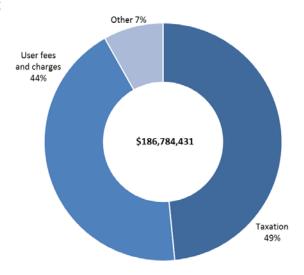
2019 REVENUE BUDGET TO ACTUAL COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS

	Budget	Actual		Variance	% Variance
Taxation	\$ 89,791,600	\$ 90,463,238	Ş	671,638	0.74%
User fees and charges	\$ 81,963,800	\$ 81,071,814		(891,986)	-1.10%
Penalties and interest on taxes	\$ 2,600,000	\$ 2,978,059		378,059	12.69%
Investment income	\$ 1,173,100	\$ 2,592,498		1,419,398	54.75%
Fines	\$ 614,000	\$ 818,063		204,063	24.94%
Federal government transfers	\$ 72,000	\$ 308,438		236,438	76.66%
Provincial government transfers	\$ 1,333,700	\$ 1,384,911		51,211	3.70%
Deferred revenue earned	\$ 202,000	\$ 202,000		-	0.00%
Land sales & other	\$ 222,200	\$ 6,965,410		6,743,210	96.81%
Total	\$ 177,972,400	\$ 186,784,431	\$	8,812,031	4.72%

TOTAL REVENUES

Total revenue reported for the year 2019 was \$186.8 million, an increase of \$6.7 million from last year's amount of \$180.1 million. Various increases and decreases in revenue offset each other in a year over year comparison. One of the main sources of an increase in revenue was the increase in taxation by \$2.5 million compared to the 2018 amount of \$88.0 million. This was mainly due to the tax levy increase of \$3.3 million ratified by Council during the 2019 budget approval process based on projected operating requirements.

2019 REVENUE BY TYPE



Summary information is included in the table below:

REVENUE

		2019		2018		Change	% Change
Taxation	\$	00 462 229	۲	07 004 007	<u>د</u>	2 470 151	2.82%
User fees and charges	\$ \$	90,463,238 81,071,814	\$	87,984,087 78,627,230	\$	2,479,151 2,444,584	3.11%
Penalties and interest on taxes	\$	2,978,059	\$	2,614,718		363,341	13.90%
Investment income	\$	2,592,498	\$	3,017,201		(424,703)	-14.08%
Fines	\$	818,063	\$	1,433,329		(615,266)	-42.93%
Federal government transfers	\$	308,438	\$	142,325		166,113	116.71%
Provincial government transfers	\$	1,384,911	\$	1,518,001		(133,090)	-8.77%
Deferred revenue earned	\$	202,000	\$	153,200		48,800	31.85%
Land sales & other	\$	6,965,410	\$	4,582,638		2,382,772	52.00%
Total	\$	186,784,431	\$	180,072,729	\$	6,711,702	3.73%

OTHER INCOME

Other income reported for the year 2019 was \$16.1 million, a decrease of \$14.3 million from last year's amount of \$30.4 million. Various decreases contributed to the year over year comparison.

The main source of the decrease was in donated tangible capital assets by \$5.8 million compared to the 2018 amount of \$6.5 million. This was as a result of no subdivision assumptions being taken during 2019. The City receives assets from developers as part of their obligation under subdivision agreements, which are deemed to be donated assets because no cash changed hands. These assets are transferred into the ownership of the City and must be recorded on the City's Statement of Financial Position as part of the tangible capital assets pool. At the same time, the value of the assets contributed must be recognized as revenue received by the City on the Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus.

Another decrease in other income is from deferred revenue earned. Deferred revenue earned decreased by \$4.1 million compared to the 2018 amount of \$7.9 million. Deferred revenue earned includes development charges earned for the capital expenses incurred within the calendar year and do not include the actual cash collected in that year. The decrease in this revenue source was related to the decrease in capital work activity completed and funded through development charges.

Federal Government transfers decreased by \$2.4 million from the 2018 amount of \$6.6 million, primarily related to a reduction in federal funding for capital projects completed during 2019. Provincial Government transfers decreased by \$1.5 million from the 2018 amount of \$1.6 million. The decrease in Provincial and Federal Government transfers is not based on less cash received, but rather based on recognition of capital expenditures under the accrual method.

The City owns 92.1% of Cambridge and North Dumfries Energy Plus Inc. As such the City is required to recognize our proportionate share of the consolidated operating gain for the year ended December 31, 2019 which was \$6.2 million, a decrease of \$0.1 million from 2018.

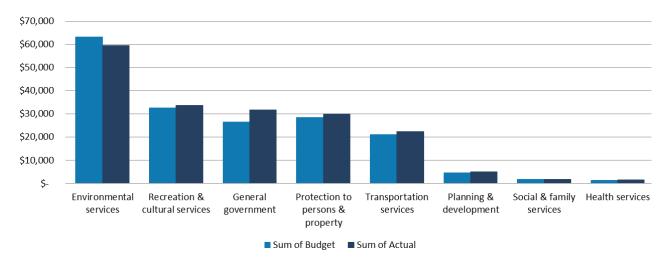
OTHER INCOME

	2019	2018	Change	% Change
Grants and transfers related to capital				
Deferred revenue earned	\$ 3,757,934	\$ 7,855,922	\$ (4,097,988)	-52.16%
Government transfers - Ontario	\$ 58,509	\$ 1,572,632	(1,514,123)	100.00%
Government transfers - Federal	\$ 4,225,780	\$ 6,579,991	(2,354,211)	-35.78%
Donated tangible capital assets	\$ 675,000	\$ 6,524,773	(5,849,773)	-89.65%
Share of net income for the year from Cambridge				
and North Dumfries Energy Plus Inc.	\$ 6,219,084	\$ 6,344,460	(125,376)	-1.98%
Interest earned on reserves	\$ 1,204,416	\$ 1,514,477	(310,061)	-20.47%
Total	\$ 16,140,723	\$ 30,392,255	\$ (14,251,532)	-46.89%

EXPENSES

The 2019 operating position of the City results in actual expenses totalling \$185.9 million which is \$6.2 million greater than budgeted expenses of \$179.7 million. The unfavourable variance in expenses was primarily driven by general government, protection to persons and property and recreation and cultural services. General government was over budget mainly due to the waived development charges recognized in 2019 of \$4.2 million. The City's Development Charges Bylaw allows for an exemption of development charges in any of the City's three core areas. When the City of Cambridge waives or discounts any development charge, the City is then obligated to make up for that amount of waived development charges. Protection to persons and property was over budget mainly due to increased amortization expense including a full year of amortization for Fire Station 6 as well as the purchase of new vehicles. In addition, protection to persons and property capital expenditures were higher than anticipated mainly from the acquisition of the Intergraph computer aided dispatch system. Recreation and cultural services expenses was over budget mainly due to the Library incorporating tangible capital assets in their financial statements in 2019, and the recognition of the associated amortization expense in 2019. The major favourable variance in expenses was primarily due to environmental services. In 2019, the water loss was less than anticipated, resulting in lower bulk water purchases from the Region, as well as lower than anticipated expenditures in materials and program supplies as a result of fewer service related repairs, and salary gapping savings. In addition the sewer budget was better than anticipated due to better than expected inflow and infiltration. Additionally, lateral repairs and blockages in 2019 were 27% less than 2018, and in-house use of relining technology reduced contracted services and restoration costs.

2019 OPERATING EXPENSES BY FUNCTION (IN THOUSAND DOLLARS)



Environmental Services

- Drainage and structural maintenance
- Water & sewer

Recreation & Cultural Services

- Community developmentParks &
- forestry
 Community
- centresArenas
- ArenasLibrary

Transportation Services

- Roads & winter maintenance
- Street lightingDevelopment
- & infrastructure
 Traffic &
- transportation
 Field services

Protection to Persons & Property

- Fire
- Bylaw services

General Government

- Corporate expendituresTechnology
- servicesHuman resourcesservices
- Internal audit and
- insurance City Hall
- Financial services
- ClerksMayor/
- councilCity solicitor

Planning & Development

- Chamber/Visitor information
- Small business centre
- Policy planningDevelopment
- planningCambridgeFarmers' Market

Social & Family Services

- Centres (David Durward, Ted Wake, Allan Reuter, W.E. Pautler)
- Programs
 (Special Day,
 Friendly
 Visiting,
 Cultural
- Diversity)Social planning council

Health Services

Cemetery

Total expenses reported for the year was \$185.9 million, an increase of \$12.9 million from last year's amount of \$173.0 million. The main sources of increases are as follows:

General government: General government expenses totalled \$31.8 million, an increase by \$4.5 million compared to the 2018 amount of \$27.3 million. This was mainly due to the waived development charges recognized in 2019 of \$4.2 million, compared to \$0.3 million in 2018 (excluding the water and sewer portions).

Recreation and cultural services: Recreation and cultural services expenses totalled \$33.6 million, an increase by \$3.2 million compared to the 2018 amount of \$30.4 million. This was mainly due to the Library incorporating tangible capital assets in their financial statements in 2019, and the recognition of the associated amortization expense in 2019.

Protection to persons and property: Protection to persons and property expenses totalled \$30.0 million, an increase by \$2.2 million compared to the 2018 amount of \$27.8 million. This was mainly due to an increase in salaries, wages and employee benefits from Fire Suppression of \$1.5 million, as a result of the first full year of operations of Fire Station 6 and due to less staff retirements and resulting vacancies in 2019 compared to 2018.

EXPENSE

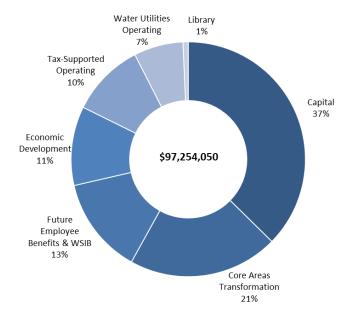
	2019	2018	Change	% Change
General government	\$ 31,822,711	\$ 27,269,284	\$ 4,553,427	16.70%
Protection to persons & property	30,013,580	27,797,933	2,215,647	7.97%
Transportation services	22,409,366	20,849,356	1,560,010	7.48%
Environmental services	59,636,539	57,938,558	1,697,981	2.93%
Health services	1,569,493	1,451,278	118,215	8.15%
Social & family services	1,781,697	1,862,732	(81,035)	-4.35%
Recreation & cultural services	33,639,623	30,387,951	3,251,672	10.70%
Planning & development	5,002,027	5,442,240	(440,213)	-8.09%
Total	\$ 185,875,036	\$ 172,999,332	\$ 12,875,704	7.44%

RESERVES

The City of Cambridge has established reserve and reserve funds to provide stability to tax rates in the event of unforeseen economic events, to provide funding for one-time requirements, to make provisions for the acquisition and replacement of infrastructure, and to provide flexibility to manage debt levels.

Reserves and reserve funds totalled \$97.3 million at December 31, 2019, an increase of \$8.5 million from 2018. Reserves and reserve fund levels have been increasing but are not at a sufficient level to adequately be used to provide funding for the replacement of tangible capital assets on a timely basis which is contributing to the infrastructure deficit. Annual transfers to reserves and reserve funds will need to be increased in order to maintain and replace over \$2.7 billion (at replacement cost) of capital assets that the city owns. It is anticipated that reserves and reserve funds will decline in the future as the City continues to implement the planned capital expansion and repair and replacement programs to address the infrastructure deficit.

2019 RESERVES



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS

The purpose of the Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets is to assist Financial Statement users in fully understanding the nature of the City's financial activities in the period. The statement backs out all of the non-financial activity from the Statement of Operations (e.g. amortization, gains/losses, acquisition and disposal of assets, changes in inventories and prepaid expenses). Thus, the financial impact on the surplus attributable to change in financial assets is an increase of \$11.7 million, compared to last year's increase of \$10.1 million.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

The Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows explains how the City financed its activities and met its cash requirements. It also details items not involving cash such as annual amortization and donated tangible capital assets. This schedule reconciles the change in cash and cash equivalents from one year to another. The consolidated cash and cash equivalents position of the City decreased by \$12.6 million to \$60.5 million.

The most significant cash outflows were the net change in investments of \$49.9 million, the acquisition of tangible capital assets of \$26.0 million and the debt principal repayment of \$4.5 million.

The most significant cash inflow was \$10.7 million increase in debt issued.

Responsibility for Financial Reporting

The accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements and all other information contained in this Annual Report are the responsibility of the management of The Corporation of the City of Cambridge. The preparation of periodic financial statements involves the use of estimates and approximations because the precise determination of financial information frequently depends on future events. These Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared by management within the reasonable limits of materiality and within the framework of Canadian generally accepted accounting principles for governments established by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada.

In carrying out its responsibilities, management maintains appropriate systems of internal and administrative controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are executed in accordance with proper authorization, that assets are properly accounted for and safeguarded, and that financial information produced is relevant and reliable.

Prior to their submission to Council, the Consolidated Financial Statements are reviewed and approved by the Corporate Leadership Team. In addition, management meets periodically with the City's external auditors to approve the scope and timing of their respective audits, to review their findings and to satisfy itself that their responsibilities have been properly discharged.

KPMG LLP, as the City's appointed external auditors have audited the Consolidated Financial Statements. The external auditors have full and free access to management and Council. The Auditors' Report is dated May 19, 2020 and appears on the following pages. Their opinion is based upon an examination conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, performing such tests and other procedures as they consider necessary to obtain reasonable assurance that the Consolidated Financial Statements are free of material misstatements and present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the City in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

David Calder,

City Manager

Sheryl Ayres, CPA, CGA

Chief Financial Officer

Independent Auditors' Report



KPMG LLP 115 King Street South 2nd Floor Waterloo ON N2J 5A3 Canada Tel 519-747-8800 Fax 519-747-8830

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Mayor and Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of the Corporation of the City of Cambridge

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of the Corporation of the City of Cambridge (the Entity), which comprise:

- the consolidated statement of the financial position as at December 31, 2019
- the consolidated statement of operations and accumulated surplus for the vear then ended
- the consolidated statement of change in net financial assets for the year then ended
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies

(Hereinafter referred to as the "consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Entity as at December 31, 2019, and its consolidated results of operations, its changes in consolidated net financial assets, and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.



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Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements" section of our auditors' report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Matter - Comparative Information

The financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018 were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those financial statements on May 23, 2019.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.



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Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the consolidated financial statements

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
- The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.



Page 4

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group Entity to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

KPMG LLP

Waterloo, Canada May 19, 2020

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2019

		2019	2018 (Note 15)
Financial assets	-		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	60,544,881	\$ 73,142,262
Taxes and grants-in-lieu (Note 5)		18,379,281	17,025,989
Trade and other receivables (Note 5)		16,646,298	14,817,977
Land held for resale		-	6,519,669
Investments (Note 6)		208,854,563	158,913,979
		304,425,023	270,419,876
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		34,693,309	33,892,732
Employee future benefits (Note 7)		71,305,417	69,148,342
Deferred revenue - obligatory reserve funds (Note 8)		42,776,522	31,082,922
Deferred revenue - other		3,605,819	2,111,774
Long-term debt (Note 9)		41,576,835	35,379,063
		193,957,902	171,614,833
Net financial assets		110,467,121	98,805,043
Non-financial assets	-		
Tangible capital assets (Note 10)		623,367,616	618,359,304
Inventories of supplies		763,188	867,491
Prepaid expenses		1,497,335	1,013,304
· ·		625,628,139	620,240,099
Assumulated complex (Note 14)		726 005 260	¢ 740.045.443
Accumulated surplus (Note 14)	\$	736,095,260	\$ 719,045,142

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Approved by



Kathyn M. Gany

Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	2019 Budget (Note 13)	2019 Actual	2018 Actual (Note 15)
Revenues			
Taxation	\$ 89,791,600	\$ 90,463,238	\$ 87,984,087
User fees and charges	81,963,800	81,071,814	78,627,230
Penalties and interest on taxes	2,600,000	2,978,059	2,614,718
Investment income	1,173,100	2,592,498	3,017,201
Fines	614,000	818,063	1,433,329
Government transfers			
Canada	72,000	308,438	142,325
Ontario	1,333,700	1,384,911	1,518,001
Deferred revenue earned	202,000	202,000	153,200
Land sales and other	222,200	6,965,410	4,582,638
Total revenues	177,972,400	186,784,431	180,072,729
Expenses			
General government	26,458,470	31,822,711	27,269,284
Protection to persons and property	28,457,896	30,013,580	27,797,933
Transportation services	21,098,851	22,409,366	20,849,356
Environmental services	63,172,360	59,636,539	57,938,558
Health services	1,456,749	1,569,493	1,451,278
Social and family services	1,831,900	1,781,697	1,862,732
Recreation and cultural services	32,682,143	33,639,623	30,387,951
Planning and development	4,571,748	5,002,027	5,442,240
Total expenses	179,730,117	185,875,036	172,999,332
Net revenues (expenses) before other income	(1,757,717)	909,395	7,073,397
Other income			_
Grants and transfers related to capital			
Deferred revenue earned		3,757,934	7,855,922
Government transfers - Ontario		58,509	1,572,632
Government transfers - Federal		4,225,780	6,579,991
Donated tangible capital assets (Note 10)		675,000	6,524,773
Share of net income for the year from Cambridge and North			
Dumfries Energy Plus Inc. (Note 6)		6,219,084	6,344,460
Interest earned on reserves	 	1,204,416	1,514,477
		16,140,723	30,392,255
Annual Surplus		17,050,118	37,465,652
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year		719,045,142	681,579,490
Accumulated surplus, end of year		\$ 736,095,260	\$ 719,045,142

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Change in Net Financial Assets

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	2019 Budget (Note 13)	2019 Actual	2018 Actual
Annual surplus	\$ (1,757,717)	\$ 17,050,118	\$ 37,465,652
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets Donated tangible capital assets Change in supplies inventories Change in prepaid expenses	- - - - -	(25,977,407) 20,308,531 1,335,564 - (675,000) 104,303 (484,031)	(38,071,830) 16,585,287 259,208 83,507 (6,524,773) (359,456) 642,285
Change in net financial assets Net financial assets, beginning of year	(1,757,717) 98,805,043	11,662,078 98,805,043	10,079,880
Net financial assets, end of year	\$ 97,047,326	\$ 110,467,121	\$ 98,805,043

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	2019	2018 (Note 15)
		(Note 13)
Operating		
Annual surplus	\$ 17,050,118	\$ 37,465,652
Sources (uses)		
Taxes and grants-in-lieu	(1,353,292)	(1,401,755)
Trade and other receivables	(1,828,321)	1,156,068
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	800,577	(11,301,867)
Employee future benefits	2,157,075	1,943,543
Deferred revenue - obligatory reserve funds	11,693,600	(1,309,568)
Deferred revenue - other	1,494,045	2,111,774
Inventories of supplies	104,303	(359,456)
Prepaid expenses	(484,031)	642,285
Land held for resale	6,519,669	4,920,697
Items not involving cash		
Amortization	20,308,531	16,585,287
Donated tangible capital assets	(675,000)	(6,524,773)
Loss (gain) on disposal of tangible capital assets	1,335,564	259,208
Cash provided from operations	57,122,838	44,187,095
Capital		
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(25,977,407)	(38,071,830)
Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets	-	83,507
Net investment in tangible capital assets	(25,977,407)	(37,988,323)
Investing		
Net change in investments	(49,940,584)	(4,586,397)
Financing		
Debt issued	10,706,000	-
Debt principal repayment	(4,508,228)	(4,421,699)
Net (decrease) increase in cash from financing activities	6,197,772	(4,421,699)
Net change in cash	(12,597,381)	(2,809,324)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	73,142,262	75,951,586
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 60,544,881	\$ 73,142,262

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

1. MUNICIPAL STATUS

The Corporation of the City of Cambridge ("the City") was created on January 1, 1973 when the three municipalities of Galt, Preston, and Hespeler and the settlement of Blair were amalgamated into a single legal entity under a new name.

The City operates as a lower tier government in the Province of Ontario, Canada. Cambridge provides municipal services such as fire protection, public works, water distribution, urban planning, recreation and cultural services, and other general government services. The City owns 92.1% of its subsidiary, Cambridge and North Dumfries Energy Plus Inc. and its affiliates.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements of the City are the representation of management, prepared in accordance with local government accounting standards established by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies followed in the preparation of these financial statements:

(A) BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION

(i) Consolidated entities

These consolidated statements reflect the financial assets, liabilities, operating revenues and expenses, reserve funds and reserves, changes in investment in tangible capital assets and cash flows and include the activities of all governmental functions controlled and exercised by the City and the following boards which are under the control of Council:

The Cambridge Public Library Board

Preston Towne Centre Business Improvement Area

Downtown Cambridge Business Improvement Area

Hespeler Village Business Improvement Area

All inter-organizational transactions and balances between these entities have been eliminated.

(ii) Government Business Enterprises

The Cambridge and North Dumfries Energy Plus Inc. and its affiliates are not consolidated but are accounted for on the modified equity basis which reflects the City's investment in the enterprises and its share of net income or loss less dividends received since acquisition. Under the modified equity basis, the enterprises' accounting principles are not adjusted to conform with those of the City and inter-organizational transactions and balances are not eliminated.

(iii) Accounting for Region and School Board transactions

The taxation, other revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, with respect to the operations of the School Boards and the Regional Municipality of Waterloo, are not reflected in these consolidated financial statements.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

(A) BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION - CONTINUED

(iv) Trust funds

Trust funds and their related operations administered by the City are not consolidated, but are reported separately on the Trust Funds Statement of Financial Position and Statement of Continuity (see Note 4).

(B) BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The City follows the accrual method of accounting for revenues and expenses. Revenues are normally recognized in the year in which they are earned and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of receipt of goods or services and/or the legal obligation to pay.

(C) NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS

Non-financial assets are not normally available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the ordinary course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the excess revenues over expenses, provides the consolidated change in net financial assets for the year.

(i) Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost less residual value of the tangible capital assets is amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Land	Not Amortized
Buildings	40 to 50 years
Vehicles	
Specialty and fire trucks	9 to 20 years
Vehicles	5 years
Computer hardware and software	5 years
Water and waste plants and networks	
Underground networks	40 to 80 years
Transportation	
Roads	25 to 35 years
Bridges and structures	30 to 50 years
Other	
Machinery and equipment	3 to 15 years
Land improvements	15 to 50 years
Leasehold improvements	24 years

The full amount of annual amortization is charged in year of disposal. Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

(ii) Contributions of tangible capital assets (donated)

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at their fair value at the date of receipt and also are recorded as revenue.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

(C) NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

(iii) Interest capitalization

The City does not capitalize interest costs associated with the acquisition or construction of a tangible capital asset.

(iv) Works of art and cultural and historic assets

These non-operational heritage assets are not recorded in these financial statements.

(v) Leases

Leases are classified as capital or operating leases. Leases which transfer substantially all of the benefits and risks incidental to ownership of property are accounted for as capital leases. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related lease payments are charged to expenses as incurred.

(vi) Inventories and prepaid expenses

Inventories held for consumption are recorded at the lower of cost and replacement cost.

Prepaid expenses relate to expenditures incurred in the current period which relate to and will be expensed in a future fiscal period.

(D) EMPLOYEE FUTURE BENEFITS

The contributions to a multi-employer, defined benefit plan are expensed when the contributions are due. The costs of post-employment benefits are recognized when the event that obligates the City occurs. Costs include projected future income payments, health care continuation costs, and fees paid to independent administrators of these plans, calculated on a present value basis.

The costs of post-employment benefits are actuarially determined using the projected benefits method prorated on service and management's best estimate of retirement ages of employees, salary escalation, and expected health care costs. Any gains or losses from changes in assumptions or experience are amortized over the average remaining service period for active employees.

(E) CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents are comprised of accounts maintained at chartered financial institutions with an original maturity of three months or less.

(F) INVESTMENTS

Investments generally consist of high grade bonds, guaranteed investment certificates, and interest rate savings accounts, and are recorded at the lower of cost plus accrued interest and market value. Investment income is reported as revenue in the period earned. Investment income earned on obligatory reserve funds is considered deferred until the funds are applied.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

(G) REVENUE RECOGNITION

Revenues are recognized in the period in which the transactions or events occurred that gave rise to the revenues. All revenues are recorded on an accrual basis, except when the accruals cannot be determined with a reasonable degree of certainty or when their estimation is impracticable.

Government transfers are recognized as revenues when the transfer is authorized and any eligibility criteria are met, except to the extent that transfer stipulations give rise to an obligation that meets the definition of a liability. Transfers are recorded as deferred revenue when transfer stipulations give rise to a liability. Transfer revenue is recognized in the statement of operations as the stipulation liabilities are settled.

Government transfers, contributions, and other amounts are received from third parties pursuant to legislation, regulation, or agreement and may only be used in the conduct of certain programs, in the completion of specific work, or the purchase of tangible capital assets. In addition, certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred, services performed, or the tangible assets are acquired.

Tax revenue is recognized when it is authorized and in the period for which the tax is levied. Tax revenue reported relates to property taxes.

(H) LAND HELD FOR RESALE

Land held for resale is recorded at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost includes amounts for land acquisition and improvements to prepare the land for sale or servicing.

(I) LIABILITY FOR CONTAMINATED SITES

Contaminated sites are a result of contamination being introduced into air, soil, water or sediment of a chemical, organic or radioactive material or live organism that exceeds an environmental standard. The liability is recorded net of any expected recoveries. A liability for remediation of contaminated sites is recognized when all the following criteria are met:

- i. an environmental standard exists;
- ii. contamination exceeds the environmental standard;
- iii. the City:

is directly responsible; or

accepts responsibility; and

iv. a reasonable estimate of the amount can be made.

A liability for contaminated sites has not been accrued for as of December 31, 2019.

(J) USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. These estimates and assumptions, including employee benefits payable, taxation assessment appeals, legal claims provisions, liability for contaminated sites, the valuation of tangible capital assets and their related useful lives and amortization, are based on management's best information and judgement and may differ significantly from future actual results.

3. OPERATIONS OF SCHOOL BOARDS AND THE REGION OF WATERLOO

Further to note (2) (a) (iii), the taxation, other revenues, and requisitions of the School Boards and the Regional Municipality of Waterloo are comprised of the following:

	School Boards	Region of Waterloo
Taxation and user charges	\$,- :=,- :	\$ 164,196,184
Share of payment in lieu of taxes	80,399	691,590
Amounts requisitioned	\$ 66,623,375	\$ 164,887,774

4. TRUST FUNDS

Trust funds administered by the City amounting to **\$10,741,563** (\$10,215,131 in 2018), have not been included in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position nor have their operations been included in the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus. The trust funds under administration are composed of the following:

2019

	Bala	nce, beginning	Receipts	Expenditures	Balance, @nd of year
		of year			
Cemetery Care and Maintenance Fund	\$	6,108,409	\$ 506,936	\$ 164,419	6,450,926
Cemetery Care and Maintenance Monuments		548,525	30,477	14,577	564,425
Cemetery Charges Prepaid		3,204,173	213,236	138,071	3,279,338
Election Surplus		4,155	109	-	4,264
Arthur White Scholarship Fund		15,444	392	400	15,436
C.I.T.C. Training Cambridge		16,760	439	-	17,199
Prepaid Rent		9,884	259	-	10,143
School of Architecture Bursary		52,903	1,386	-	54,289
Ancient Mariners Canoe Club Fund		20,457	7,374	-	27,831
Allan Reuter Centre Renovation		21,768	10,669	2,562	29,875
Fiddlesticks Neighbourhood Association		120,539	64,319	-	184,858
Cambridge Rowing Club		1,458	38	-	1,496
David Durward Centre		33,353	6,970	4,296	36,027
G.E. (Ted) Wake Lounge Seniors Fund		13,313	349	-	13,662
Arts Guild Improvement		43,445	7,790	-	51,235
Cambridge Arts Guild		545	14	-	559
Total	\$	10,215,131	\$ 850,757	\$ 324,325	\$ 10,741,563

2018

	Bala	nce, beginning		Receipts		Expenditures	Ba	alance, @nd of year
Cemetery Care and Maintenance Fund	Ś	of year 5,831,490	Ś	430,051	Ś	153,132	Ś	6,108,409
Cemetery Care and Maintenance Monuments	•	530,875	*	31,492	7	13,842	•	548,525
Cemetery Charges Prepaid		3,106,790		230,036		132,653		3,204,173
Election Surplus		4,050		105		-		4,155
Arthur White Scholarship Fund		15,015		829		400		15,444
C.I.T.C. Training Cambridge		16,341		419		-		16,760
Prepaid Rent		9,637		247		-		9,884
School of Architecture Bursary		51,582		1,321		-		52,903
Ancient Mariners Canoe Club Fund		27,280		1,177		8,000		20,457
Allan Reuter Centre Renovation		23,662		603		2,497		21,768
Fiddlesticks Neighbourhood Association		98,003		22,536		-		120,539
Cambridge Rowing Club		1,423		35		-		1,458
David Durward Centre		38,615		1,061		6,323		33,353
G.E. (Ted) Wake Lounge Seniors Fund		12,980		333		-		13,313
Arts Guild Improvement		35,972		7,473		-		43,445
Cambridge Arts Guild		531		14		-		545
Total	\$	9,804,246	\$	727,732	\$	316,847	\$	10,215,131

5. TAXES AND ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Taxes receivable and accounts receivable are reported net of a valuation allowance of **\$5,438,110** (\$5,438,110 in 2018) and **\$285,452** (\$207,657 in 2018) respectively.

6. INVESTMENTS

Investments are comprised of the following:

	2019	2018
Investment in Cambridge and North Dumfries Energy Plus Inc.		
Capital Stock	\$ 37,792,000	\$ 37,792,000
Increase in equity since acquisition	51,449,216	48,384,128
	89,241,216	86,176,128
Marketable securities	119,613,347	72,737,851
Total investments	\$ 208,854,563	\$ 158,913,979

Marketable securities have a market value of \$120,048,604 (\$71,355,477 in 2018).

On August 1, 2000, pursuant to requirements of the Ontario Government's Electricity Competition Act (Bill 35), the net assets of the Hydro Electric Commission of Cambridge and North Dumfries were transferred to Cambridge and North Dumfries Energy Plus Inc. ("Energy Plus") and affiliated companies. Energy Plus and affiliates will carry on the former business of the Commission with all its rights, duties, obligations and responsibilities from the date of transfer. The City of Cambridge owns 92.1% of Energy Plus and the change in the cost of the original investment by return of capital and its proportionate share of the consolidated operating gain of Energy Plus for the year ended December 31, 2019 is as follows (see note 2(a) (ii)):

	2019				
Investment, beginning of year	\$ 86,176,128	\$	83,521,652		
Increase in equity for year:			_		
Share of net income for year	6,219,084		6,344,460		
Dividends received during year	(3,153,996)		(3,689,984)		
Net increase for year	3,065,088		2,654,476		
Investment, end of year	\$ 89,241,216	\$	86,176,128		

6. INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

The following table provides condensed financial information in respect of Energy Plus for its fiscal 2019 year:

	2019	2018
	(000's)	(000's)
Financial position		
Current assets	\$ 42,256	\$ 46,975
Capital assets	181,121	171,646
Goodwill	18,965	18,965
Other assets	3,328	5,751
Total assets	245,670	243,337
Current liabilities	72,614	35,194
Long-term liabilities	81,248	111,782
Total liabilities	153,862	146,976
Net assets	91,808	96,361
Statement of operations		
Revenues	234,183	226,540
Operating expenses	(226,851)	(216,910)
Non-operating revenues (expenses)	1,361	(671)
Payments in lieu of corporate income taxes	(1,940)	(2,071)
Net income	6,753	6,888
City's share of net income - 92.1%	\$ 6,220	\$ 6,344

7. EMPLOYEE AND POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The City provides certain employee benefits which will require funding in future periods. An actuarial estimate of future liabilities has been completed and forms the basis for the estimated liability reported in these financial statements. All liabilities were estimated by an actuarial update as at December 31, 2019.

	2019	2018	Change
Post-employment benefits Sick leave benefits Workplace safety & insurance benefits	\$ 60,141,156 6,831,414 4,332,847	\$ 59,179,742 6,929,604 3,038,996	\$ 961,414 (98,190) 1,293,851
	\$ 71,305,417	\$ 69,148,342	\$ 2,157,075

7. EMPLOYEE AND POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - CONTINUED

The significant actuarial assumptions adopted in measuring the City's accrued benefit obligations for the accumulated sick leave and post-retirement benefit entitlements at December 31, 2019, are as follows:

	Sick leave and post- retirement benefits	Library post- retirement benefits
Future cost of long term debt	3.75%	4.00%
Future inflation rates	1.75%	1.75%
Future salaries escalations	2.75%	
Future dental premium rates escalations	3.75%	3.75%
Future health care premium rates		
2019	6.75%	6.42%
Declining by	2028 to 3.75%	2027 to 3.75%

Information about the City's benefit plan is as follows:

	2019	2018
Accrued Liability		
Balance, beginning of the year	\$ 69,148,342	\$ 67,204,799
Current service cost	2,166,799	2,047,972
Plan amendment	1,117,560	-
Interest cost	2,769,259	2,708,310
Amortization of net actuarial loss	(238,324)	272,851
Benefit payments	(3,658,219)	(3,085,590)
Balance, end of the year	\$ 71,305,417	\$ 69,148,342

A) PENSION PLAN

The City makes contributions to the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System ("OMERS"), which is a multi-employer plan, on behalf of members of its staff. The Plan is a defined benefit plan, which specifies the amount of retirement benefit to be received by the employees based on the lengths of service and rates of pay. Employee contributions are matched by the City.

The amount contributed to OMERS for 2019 was **\$5,918,336** (\$5,902,724 in 2018) for current service and is included as an expenditure on the consolidated statement of operations.

The OMERS pension plan has a deficit. The last available report for the OMERS plan was on December 31, 2019. At that time the plan reported a \$3.4 billion actuarial deficit (2018 - \$4.2 billion), based on actuarial liabilities of \$107.7 billion (2018 - \$100.1 billion) and actuarial assets of \$104.3 billion (2018 - \$95.9 billion). If actuarial surpluses are not available to offset the existing deficit and subsidize future contributions, increases in contributions will be required in the future.

7. EMPLOYEE AND POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - CONTINUED

B) POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The City makes available to qualifying employees who retire before the age of 65, the opportunity to continue their coverage for such benefits as extended health and drugs, dental care, and life insurance. Coverage ceases at the age of 65 except for life insurance and extended health and drugs. In addition, changes in assumptions, and experience gains and losses are amortized on a straight-line basis over 11 years, which represents the expected average remaining service life of the employee group. Amortization is calculated beginning in the year following the year of occurrence of the actuarial gains or losses. In fiscal 2019, an actuarial valuation report estimated the actuarial loss for the above mentioned post-retirement benefits to be \$5,834,084 which is being amortized at \$486,174 per year.

The actuarial valuation report estimated the liability for the above mentioned employee future benefits to be **\$60,141,156** (\$59,179,742 in 2018) at year end based on present value of the current obligation for past and current employees.

C) SICK LEAVE

Under the sick leave benefit plan, unused sick leave can accumulate and certain employees may become entitled to a cash payment when they leave the City's employment. In addition, adjustments arising from the plan amendment, changes in assumptions, and experience gains and losses are amortized on a straight-line basis over 12 years, which represents the expected average remaining service life of the employee group. Amortization is calculated beginning in the year following the year of occurrence of the actuarial gains or losses. In fiscal 2019, an actuarial valuation report estimated the actuarial gain for the above mentioned sick leave to be \$1,710,318 which is being amortized at \$131,563 per year.

The liability for these accumulated days based on an actuarial assessment, to the extent that they have vested and could be taken in cash by an employee on termination or retirement, amounted to **\$6,831,414** (\$6,929,604 in 2018) at the end of the year. An amount of **\$723,501** (\$648,224 in 2018) was paid to employees who either changed union groups or left the City's employment during the current year.

The reserve fund was established to fund the cost of future employee benefits provided by the City. The balance at the end of the year was **\$10,442,213** (\$10,118,352 in 2018).

D) WORKPLACE SAFETY & INSURANCE

In 1996, in order to decrease workers' compensation expense, the City assumed the risk of workers' compensation coverage.

The potential liability, based on an actuarial valuation update for all existing claims as at December 31, 2019 amounted to **\$4,332,847** (\$3,038,996 in 2018).

A self-insurance Reserve Fund for Workers' Compensation was established which, at December 31, 2019, amounted to **\$2,540,818** (\$2,348,869 in 2018). Premiums which otherwise could be paid to Workplace Safety & Insurance Board are paid into the fund and workers' compensation claims are charged to the fund.

8. DEFERRED REVENUE - OBLIGATORY RESERVE FUNDS

A requirement of the Public Sector Accounting Board, of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada, is that obligatory reserves be reported as deferred revenue, as these are restricted revenue. This requirement is in place as provincial legislation restricts how these funds may be used and under certain circumstances these funds may be refunded. Deferred revenue balances are as follows:

	2019	2018
Revenue		
Development charges and user fees	\$ 13,524,575	\$ 7,268,891
Gas tax funding	8,053,516	4,037,045
Investment income	84,610	12,841
	21,662,701	11,318,777
Deferred revenue recognized and other adjustments	(9,969,101)	(12,628,345)
Change in deferred revenue	11,693,600	(1,309,568)
Deferred revenue, beginning of year	31,082,922	32,392,490
Deferred revenue, end of year	42,776,522	31,082,922
Represented as follows:		
Development charges	31,137,395	24,542,371
Recreational land	176,429	(244,199)
Building permits	3,387,208	2,700,398
Gas tax funding	8,075,490	4,084,352
	\$ 42,776,522	\$ 31,082,922

9. LONG-TERM DEBT

The City has assumed the responsibility for the payment of principal and interest charges on certain debt issued by the Region of Waterloo, which in fiscal 2019 amounted to **\$10,706,000** (\$0 in 2018).

The City has assumed responsibility for the payment of principal and interest charges on certain long-term debt issued by the Region of Waterloo. At the end of the year, the total outstanding principal amount of this liability is **\$41,576,835** (\$35,379,063 in 2018). This debt bears interest at rates ranging from 1.15% to 3.95% per annum.

Principal repayments required over the next 5 years and thereafter are as follows:

2020 -	\$ 5,578,115
2021 -	4,415,760
2022 -	3,425,760
2023 -	3,483,760
2024-	3,550,760
Thereafter -	21,122,680

\$41,576,835

Interest charges for fiscal 2019 relating to long-term debt were **\$981,743** (\$1,090,102 in 2018).

The City has enacted and passed by-laws authorizing the issue of debentures, not to exceed \$37.46 million, for the rehabilitation of existing assets and construction or purchase of new assets contained in the Capital Funding Program.

10. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

	Land		Land		Buildings		Leasehold	Infrastructure	Information	Machinery &	Vehic	les	Tota
		im	provements			imp	rovements		technology	equipment			
2019													
Cost													
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 91,946,840	\$	83,307,013	\$ 15	5,313,787	\$	4,438,819	\$ 462,895,510	\$ 13,235,394	\$ 9,375,814 \$	17,436,2	18 \$	837,949,395
Additions	2,519,040		3,218,848	2	3,915,357		337,718	47,837,676	3,835,710	10,316,151	4,726,3	54	96,706,854
Disposals	-		230,513		-		-	2,038,973	821,690	523,259	1,410,4	17	5,024,882
Cost, end of year	94,465,880		86,295,348	179	9,229,144		4,776,537	508,694,213	16,249,414	19,168,706	20,752,12	25	929,631,367
Accumulated amortization													
Balance, beginning of year	-		40,111,989	7	2,222,373		1,008,158	202,162,796	6,292,514	5,332,666	10,721,6	35	337,852,131
Disposals	-		230,513		-		-	1,627,985	821,690	519,904	561,5	08	3,761,600
Amortization expense	-		1,985,591		3,774,514		153,496	8,184,324	2,378,204	2,621,546	1,210,8	56	20,308,531
Accumulated amortization, end of year			41,867,067	7:	5,996,887		1,161,654	208,719,135	7,849,028	7,434,308	11,370,9	33	354,399,062
Assets under construction	_		-		_		_	_	_	_	_		48,135,311

		Land		Land		Buildings		Leasehold		Infrastructure		Information		Machinery &		Vehicles		Total
			im	provements			i	mprovements				technology		equipment				
2018																		
Cost																		
Balance, beginning of year	\$	91,946,840	\$	83,307,013	\$	155,313,787	\$	4,438,819	\$	435,819,921	\$	5,015,363	\$	7,482,770 \$	5	17,357,021	\$	800,681,534
Additions		-		-		-		-		29,106,017		8,220,031		1,893,044		942,214		40,161,306
Disposals		-		-		-		-		2,030,428		-		-		863,017		2,893,445
Cost, end of year		91,946,840		83,307,013		155,313,787		4,438,819		462,895,510		13,235,394		9,375,814	- 1	17,436,218		837,949,395
Accumulated amortization																		
Balance, beginning of year		-		38,206,165		68,725,053		862,666		196,389,312		4,449,482		4,730,122		10,454,774		323,817,574
Disposals		-		-		-		-		1,719,424		-		-		831,306		2,550,730
Amortization expense		-		1,905,824		3,497,320		145,492		7,492,908		1,843,032		602,544		1,098,167		16,585,287
Accumulated amortization, end of year		-		40,111,989		72,222,373		1,008,158		202,162,796		6,292,514		5,332,666	- :	10,721,635		337,852,131
Assets under construction		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		118,262,040
Net book value, end of year	Ś	91,946,840	Ś	43,195,024	Ś	83,091,414	Ś	3,430,661	Ś	260.732.714	Ś	6.942.880	Ś	4,043,148 \$	ŝ	6,714,583	Ś	618,359,304

- (a) During the year, roads and underground networks contributed to the City totalled **\$675,000** (\$6,524,773 in 2018) and were capitalized at their fair value at the time of receipt.
- (b) Amortization expense for the year amounts to \$20,308,531 (\$16,585,287 in 2018).

11. GENERAL INSURANCE COVERAGE

In order to decrease insurance premiums, the City has undertaken a portion of the risk through increased deductibles. The deductibles generally range up to \$50,000 depending on the types of claims. Insurance coverage is in place for claims in excess of these deductibles up to various policy limits.

The City has made provision for a Reserve for Self-Insurance for various types of insurance, the balance of which at December 31, 2019 amounted to **\$2,183,498** (\$2,261,423 in 2018), and is reported in Note 14 under Reserves. The City budgets annually for claims related to self-insurance and the difference between budgeted and actual claims during the year is drawn from the reserve fund. In 2019 the amount drawn from the reserve was \$Nil (\$Nil in 2018). Claims for all forms of self-insurance during the year amounting to **\$391,491** (\$727,757 in 2018), including adjusters' fees and costs, are reported as an expenditure on the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus.

The City has an agreement with members of the Waterloo Region municipalities to purchase property damage and public liability insurance on a group basis and share a retained level of risk. The members pay an annual levy to fund insurance coverage, losses, and contribute to a surplus. The pool has purchased insurance to fund losses above a pre-determined deductible and any losses above a pre-determined total in any year.

12. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The City is involved in several legal suits of varying dollar amounts, the outcome of which is not presently determinable. No provision for possible liability has been recorded in these financial statements.

In the event the City is found liable, any amounts not recoverable from City's insurers will be adjusted against future revenues.

13. BUDGET FIGURES, UNAUDITED

Budget figures reported on the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus are based on the 2019 municipal operating and water/wastewater budgets as approved by Council on March 4, 2019 and February 21, 2019 respectively, and include subsequent amendments.

Approved budget figures have been reclassified and adjusted for the purposes of these financial statements to comply with Public Sector Accounting Board ("PSAB") reporting requirements. The chart below reconciles the approved operating budgets to the amended budget figures:

	В	udget Amount
Approved operating budget revenues	\$	185,183,400
Budget amendments and reallocations		
PSAB reporting adjustments:		
Dividends from Cambridge and North Dumfries Energy Plus Inc.		(3,007,000)
Contributions from reserves and reserve funds		(4,204,000)
Net operating budget revenues	\$	177,972,400
Approved operating budget expenses	\$	185,183,400
Budget amendments and reallocations		
PSAB reporting adjustments:		
Amortization of tangible capital assets		16,585,287
Non-tangible capital asset expenditures		4,592,487
Unfunded accrual for employee future benefit obligation		1,943,543
Contribution to reserves and reserve funds		(23,375,500)
Debt principal repayments		(5,199,100)
Net operating budget expenses		179,730,117
Net expenses before other income	\$	(1,757,717)

14. ACCUMULATED SURPLUS

Accumulated surplus consists of individual surpluses, reserve funds and reserves as follows:

	2019	
		(Note 15)
Description de		
Reserve funds	ć F 424 052	ć 2.722.242
Capital Works	\$ 5,434,953	\$ 3,733,242
Capital Works Debt Retirement	970,988	1,837,744
Capital Works Committed	1,166,622	1,955,399
Waterwater Capital	8,846,916	12,170,642
Wastewater Rate Stabilization	3,219,358	3,225,076
Water System Capital	9,397,207	7,571,308
Water Rate Stablization	3,398,519	3,420,016
Heritage Conservation	69,147	72,065
Cemetery	525,681	756,676
Equipment	4,305,109	3,461,349
Water Meter Replacement	-	2,258,155
Facility Maintenance	4,398,737	4,620,874
Archives	39,209	38,786
Election	272,101	188,652
Winter Reg Road Maintenance	-	140,347
Winter Maintenance	22,326	128,426
Sports Field Revitalization	-	431,317
Soccer Facility Capital	216,334	182,770
Library	694,809	697,564
Public Art	192,076	135,507
Legal	-	41,078
Energy Conservation	1,590,807	1,447,818
Economic Development	10,594,263	19,442,300
Cash in Lieu of Parking	25,322	25,049
Self Insurance	2,183,498	2,261,423
Future Employee Benefits	10,442,213	10,118,352
Workplace Safety and Insurance	2,540,818	2,348,869
Affordable Housing	17,045	-
Replacement Tree Planting	129,572	-
Municipal Accomodation Tax	161,086	_
Core Areas Transformation	20,133,532	_
Jacob Hespeler Field Capital	226,834	_
Total reserves funds	91,215,082	82,710,804

14. ACCUMULATED SURPLUS - CONTINUED

		2019	2018
			(Note 15)
Reserves			
Hydro Dividend Stablization	\$	2,049,432	\$ 1,239,003
Training and Development	-	, , , , <u>-</u>	697,486
Contaminated Sites Grant Program		547,980	497,980
Building Revitalization Program		218,950	301,022
Rate Stablization		3,222,606	3,267,310
Total reserves		6,038,968	6,002,801
Total reserves funds and reserves		97,254,050	88,713,605
Surpluses			
Invested in tangible capital assets		623,367,616	618,359,304
Invested in repair and replacement of assets		35,877,954	16,893,410
Investment in Government Business Enterprise		89,241,216	86,176,128
Sanitary Sewage Systems		862,490	2,051,242
Water Supply System		711,999	565,900
General revenue fund		969,225	4,166,736
Library board		620,111	115,785
Business improvements areas		72,851	10,768
Land held for resale		-	6,519,669
Amounts to be recovered			
Employee benefit and post-employment liabilities		(71,305,417)	(69,148,342)
Long-term debt		(41,576,835)	(35,379,063)
Total surplus		638,841,210	630,331,537
Accumulated surplus	\$	736,095,260	\$ 719,045,142

15. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain of the prior year's comparative figures have been restated to conform to the current year's presentation.

16. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

Subsequent to December 31, 2019, the COVID-19 outbreak was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization and has had a significant financial and market impact. Markets are prone to volatility and the COVID-19 virus has presented many uncertainties and is threatening the outlook for future global trade and GDP as well as disrupting the abilities of some organizations to operate.

At this time these factors present uncertainty over future cash flows and may cause significant changes to the operations and financial position of the organization. An estimate of the financial effect is not practicable at this time.

17. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The City of Cambridge is a diversified municipal government institution that provides a wide range of services to its citizens, including fire, road, water distribution, sewer collection/conveyance, storm sewer, libraries, and community services.

Segmented information has been prepared by major functional classification of activities provided, consistent with the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus and provincially legislated requirements.

For each reported segment, revenues and expenses represent both amounts that are directly attributable to the segment and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis.

The accounting policies used in these segments are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements as disclosed in Note 2.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	General Government	Protection Services	Transportation Services	Environmental Services	Health Services	Social and Family Services	Recreation and Cultural Services	Planning and Development	Total
Revenue									
Taxation	\$ 27,621,842 \$	25,082,600	\$ 10,578,100	\$ 885,296	\$ 353,800	\$ 385,500	\$ 22,009,100	\$ 3,547,000 \$	90,463,238
User fees and charges	1,886,062	4,381,180	2,509,123	64,956,470	1,006,346	452,889	5,055,584	824,160	81,071,814
Penalties and interest on taxes	2,978,059	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,978,059
Investment income	2,592,498	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,592,498
Fines	(11,336)	100,807	728,592	-	-	-	-	-	818,063
Government transfers - Canada	54,634	-	-	-	-	-	253,804	-	308,438
Government transfers - Ontario	242,479	-	2,930	-	-	1,044,807	84,286	10,409	1,384,911
Deferred revenue earned	32,000	-	160,000	-	-	-	10,000	-	202,000
Land sales and other	183,719	(848,939)	278,806	(40,807)	425,230	-	2,165,705	4,801,696	6,965,410
Total revenue	35,579,957	28,715,648	14,257,551	65,800,959	1,785,376	1,883,196	29,578,479	9,183,265	186,784,431
Operating Expenses									
Salaries, wages and employee benefits	18,124,056	24,977,407	8,414,693	5,915,721	1,165,503	1,455,767	16,312,844	3,357,785	79,723,776
Long term debt charges	97,933	-	211,834	138,991	-	-	532,985	-	981,743
Materials	6,975,719	2,501,448	6,151,581	3,348,842	63,871	179,735	5,149,407	435,277	24,805,880
Contracted services	3,776,897	1,676,498	2,773,205	36,585,406	124,422	141,146	3,476,090	558,559	49,112,223
Rents and financial expenses	5,661,979	132,278	216,190	1,539,272	-	-	29,675	68,287	7,647,681
External transfers	933,378	-	4,700	-	-	-	1,729,043	628,081	3,295,202
Amortization of tangible capital assets	2,725,057	573,203	4,931,636	6,544,177	35,176	-	5,499,282	-	20,308,531
Interfunctional adjustments	(6,472,308)	152,746	(294,473)	5,564,130	180,521	5,049	910,297	(45,962)	-
Total expenses	31,822,711	30,013,580	22,409,366	59,636,539	1,569,493	1,781,697	33,639,623	5,002,027	185,875,036
Net income (expenses) before other income	\$ 3,757,246 \$	(1,297,932)	\$ (8,151,815)	\$ 6,164,420	\$ 215,883	\$ 101,499	\$ (4,061,144)	\$ 4,181,238 \$	909,395

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018 (NOTE 15)

	General Government	Protection Services	Transportation Services		Environmental Services		Health Services	Soc			Recreation and Ultural Services		Planning and Development		Total
Revenue															
Taxation	\$ 26,121,590	\$ 24,280,905	\$ 11,400,416	\$	897,362	\$	322,581	\$	433,564	\$	21,262,930	\$	3,264,739	\$	87,984,087
User fees and charges	2,300,578	4,328,566	2,267,173		63,360,642		926,756		464,157		4,092,134		887,224		78,627,230
Penalties and interest on taxes	2,614,718	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		2,614,718
Investment income	3,017,201	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		3,017,201
Fines	482	191,999	1,240,848		-		-		-		-		-		1,433,329
Government transfers - Canada	37,397	-	-		3,360		-		-		101,568		-		142,325
Government transfers - Ontario	185,300	-	7,500		-		-		1,019,020		231,543		74,638		1,518,001
Deferred revenue earned	-	-	153,200		-		-		-		-		-		153,200
Land sales and other	221,019	-	(68,425)		342,156		320,059		-		1,055,357		2,712,472		4,582,638
Total revenue	34,498,285	28,801,470	15,000,712		64,603,520		1,569,396		1,916,741		26,743,532		6,939,073		180,072,729
Operating Expenses															
Salaries, wages and employee benefits	20,521,062	23,579,984	8,581,833		5,991,309		1,068,546		1,506,783		15,086,337		3,079,074		79,414,928
Long term debt charges	105,644	-	241,787		155,957		-		-		586,714		-		1,090,102
Materials	5,321,056	2,677,189	5,023,504		4,862,407		65,531		157,511		5,610,693		865,546		24,583,437
Contracted services	3,195,383	796,566	2,611,454		34,916,626		96,790		190,338		3,563,411		376,111		45,746,679
Rents and financial expenses	1,796,403	132,278	178,188		230,306		-		-		28,405		26,911		2,392,491
External transfers	468,319	-	4,700		-		-		-		1,644,086		1,069,303		3,186,408
Amortization of tangible capital assets	2,380,162	408,016	4,594,250		5,726,957		30,949		-		3,444,953		-		16,585,287
Intefunctional adjustments	(6,518,745)	203,900	(386,360)		6,054,996		189,462		8,100		423,352		25,295		-
Total expenses	27,269,284	27,797,933	20,849,356		57,938,558		1,451,278		1,862,732		30,387,951		5,442,240		172,999,332
Net income (expenses) before other income	\$ 7,229,001	\$ 1.003.537	\$ (5,848,644)	Ś	6.664.962	Ś	118.118	Ś	54.009	Ś	(3.644.419)	Ś	1.496.833	Ś	7.073.397

Statistics

GENERAL STATISTICS

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Population at the end of the year*	136.810	135.060	133.900	129.920	134,900
Area in acres at the end of the year*	28,556	28,556	28,556	28,556	28,556
Employees - continuous full-time positions**	646	643	610	609	608
Number of households*	49,920	49,160	48,640	48,235	48,700
Value of permits	456,879,030	235,851,648	387,235,986	356,417,228	185,099,268
Building permits issued:*					
Residential properties (6 units or less)	1,198	623	500	386	247
Multi-residential properties (7 units or more)	5	162	3	12	5
All other property classes	439	185	569	961	1,023
Total number of building permits issued	1,642	970	1,072	1,359	1,275

TAXATION STATISTICS

Taxable assessments (thousand dollars)	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Residential, multi residential & farm	\$ 14,472,582	\$ 14,228,810	\$ 14,061,956	\$ 12,014,400	\$ 11,569,032
Commercial - all classes	2,635,635	2,618,501	2,585,768	2,178,299	2,122,959
Industrial - all classes	911,268	896,838	917,196	863,330	831,295
Pipeline & managed forests	34,634	34,239	34,026	29,970	29,359
Total taxable assessments	\$ 18,054,119	\$ 17,778,388	\$ 17,598,946	\$ 15,085,999	\$ 14,552,645
Taxes receivable	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Taxes receivable, beginning of year	\$ 17,025,989	\$ 15,624,234	\$ 19,036,695	\$ 18,787,087	\$ 22,597,491
Plus:					
Amounts added to tax bills for collection purposes					
only	2,840,634	2,142,595	2,134,119	2,496,174	2,259,257
Tax amounts levied in the year	285,400,845	277,440,284	268,428,961	259,710,383	253,039,388
Current year penalties & interest	2,978,059	2,614,718	3,020,865	2,957,432	4,485,310
Adjustment for allowance		-	1,267,419	-	-
Less:					
Total cash collections	286,508,812	277,217,824	272,115,054	259,368,735	260,419,467
Tax adjustments before allowances	3,719,857	3,951,904	6,530,299	5,900,565	3,298,120
Tax adjustments not applied to taxation	(362,422)	(373,886)	(381,528)	(354,919)	(123,228)
Taxes receivable, end of year	\$ 18,379,280	\$ 17,025,989	\$ 15,624,234	\$ 19,036,695	\$ 18,787,087
Tax levy	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
City of Cambridge	\$ 89,563,226	\$ 86,267,469	\$ 81,715,780	\$ 78,651,305	\$ 75,632,732
Region of Waterloo	126,879,126	121,431,155	116,900,478	112,777,470	109,019,998
Education	65,667,071	65,243,477	65,738,213	65,214,391	64,728,234
Total tax levy	\$ 282,109,424	\$ 272,942,101	\$ 264,354,471	\$ 256,643,166	\$ 249,380,963
Tax arrears	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Tax arrears per capita	134.3	126.1	116.7	146.5	139.3
Percentage of current levy	6.44%	6.14%	5.82%	7.33%	7.42%

^{*} Source: Development & Infrastructure Department, City of Cambridge.

** Source: Corporate Services Department, City of Cambridge. Positions are stated in either full time or part time equivalents.

PRINCIPAL CORPORATE TAXPAYERS

		2019
ncipal corporate taxpayers		Assessed value
Toyota Motor Manufacturing	Ś	202.812.411
Devcam Properties Ltd.	\$	178,335,001
Bridgecam Shopping Centres	\$	165,889,250
CP Reit Ont Prop Ltd Trustee	\$	83,350,000
	\$	65,424,125
Lena Crescent Holdings Inc.	\$	57,386,364
Centurion Apartment	\$	40,701,250
Killam Investments Inc.	\$	40,475,503
Riocan Holdings Inc.	\$	40,169,501
TSO ATL-TOR Propco GP, LLC	\$	39,454,700

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Financial assets					
Cash & cash equivalents	\$ 60,544,881	\$ 73,142,262	\$ 75,951,586	\$ 48,509,280	\$ 47,621,068
Taxes & grants-in-lieu	18,379,281	17,025,989	15,624,234	19,036,695	18,787,087
Trade & other receivables	16,646,298	14,817,977	15,974,045	14,897,363	12,533,911
Land held for resale	-	6,519,669	11,440,366	13,940,682	13,423,828
Investments	208,854,563	 158,913,979	 154,327,582	 149,613,243	 148,512,302
	304,425,023	270,419,876	273,317,813	245,997,263	240,878,196
Liabilities					
Accounts payable & accrued liabilities	34,693,309	33,892,732	45,194,599	31,739,139	32,293,484
Employee future benefits	71,305,417	69,148,342	67,204,799	64,942,725	60,636,966
Deferred revenue	46,382,341	33,194,696	32,392,490	30,346,557	28,583,426
Long-term debt	41,576,835	35,379,063	39,800,762	26,178,753	21,710,155
	193,957,902	171,614,833	184,592,650	153,207,174	143,224,031
Net financial assets	 110,467,121	 98,805,043	 88,725,163	 92,790,089	 97,654,165
Non-financial assets					
Tangible capital assets	623,367,616	618,359,304	590,690,703	560,670,532	540,694,384
Inventories of supplies	763,188	867,491	508,035	533,012	867,236
Prepaid expenses	1,497,335	1,013,304	1,655,589	1,216,740	885,090
	625,628,139	620,240,099	592,854,327	562,420,284	542,446,710
Accumulated surplus	\$ 736,095,260	\$ 719,045,142	\$ 681,579,490	\$ 655,210,373	\$ 640,100,875

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION STATISTICS

Tangible capital assets - net book value		2019		2018		2017		2016		201
Net book value		04 455 555		04.010.01	_	04.010.01		00.051.063		00 200 57
Land	\$	94,465,880	Ş	91,946,840	\$	91,946,840	\$	90,054,844	\$	89,638,23
Land improvements		44,428,281		43,195,024		45,100,848		46,831,070		37,135,23
Buildings		103,232,257		83,091,414		86,588,734		88,625,522		91,241,989
Leasehold improvements		3,614,883		3,430,661		3,576,153		3,721,644		3,867,13
Infrastructure		299,975,078		260,732,714		239,430,609		244,095,043		209,762,636
Information technology		8,400,386		6,942,880		565,881		372,487		581,89
Machinery & equipment		11,734,398		4,043,148		2,752,648		3,228,390		3,264,325
Vehicles		9,381,142		6,714,583		6,902,247		8,037,547		8,231,221
Assets under construction		48,135,311		118,262,040		113,826,743		75,703,985		96,971,709
Net book value	\$	623,367,616	\$	618,359,304	\$	590,690,703	\$	560,670,532	\$	540,694,384
Tangible capital assets - activity		2019		2018		2017		2016		201
Additions & disposals		2019		2018		2017		2010		201
Assets - beginning of year		837,949,395		800,681,534		795,927,175		735,495,736		690,737,37
Additions		96,706,854		40,161,306		6,568,595		61,731,413		46,900,609
Disposals & write downs		(5,024,882)		(2,893,445)		(1,814,236)		(1,299,974)		
Assets - end of year	Ś	929,631,367	Ś	837,949,395	\$	800,681,534	\$	795,927,175	\$	(2,142,244 735,495,73 6
		,,	-	221,2 12,222	•		•	100,011,110	•	
Accumulated amortization										
Accumulated amortization - beginning of year		337,852,131		323,817,574		310,960,628		291,773,061		276,763,819
Current year expense		20,308,531		16,585,287		14,634,716		20,357,745		16,784,868
Accumulated amortization on disposals		(3,761,600)		(2,550,730)		(1,777,770)		(1,170,178)		(1,775,626
Accumulated amortization - end of year	\$	354,399,062	\$	337,852,131	\$	323,817,574	\$	310,960,628	\$	291,773,061
Assets under construction	\$	48,135,311	Ś	118,262,040	\$	113,826,743	\$	75,703,985	\$	96,971,709
Net book value	 \$	623,367,616		618,359,304	\$	590,690,703	\$	560,670,532	\$	540,694,384
Long-term debt		2019		2018		2017		2016		201
Outstanding debt by function										
Roads	\$	7,735,276	\$	6,586,284	\$	7,620,289	\$	5,040,864	\$	5,023,684
Program Support		4,648,620		5,273,517		5,890,345		6,500,000		
Parking		1,029,609		1,273,003		1,442,260		1,609,438		1,775,000
Water distribution/transmission		13,220,342		5,462,815		6,189,046		6,901,246		7,601,583
Parks		1,697,920		1,825,418		2,021,897		498,699		550,000
Recreational facilities		1,783,588		2,959,786		4,102,925		5,215,505		6,299,891
Library		11,195,480		11,682,240		12,169,000		<u>-</u>		
Museums		266,000		316,000		365,000		413,000		460,000
Total outstanding debt by function	\$	41,576,835	\$	35,379,063	\$	39,800,762	\$	26,178,752	\$	21,710,155
Outstanding debt - tax levy vs. water and sewer user f	ees su	upported debt								
Tax levy supported debt		28,356,493		29,916,248		33,611,716		19,277,507		14,108,574
Water and Sewer user fees supported debt		13,220,342		5,462,815		6,189,046		6,901,246		7,601,581
Total outstanding debt - tax levy vs. water and sewer										
user fees supported debt	\$	41,576,835	Ş	35,379,063	Ş	39,800,762	Ş	26,178,753	Ş	21,710,155
Long-term debt per capita										
Population at the end of the year		136,810		135,060		133,900		129,920		134,900
Total Long-term debt per capita	\$	304	\$	262	\$	297	\$	201	\$	161
Principal payments										
Tax levy supported debt		3,765,755		3,695,468		2,809,791		2,081,068		1,612,201
Water and Sewer user fees supported debt		742,473		726,231		712,200		700,334		402,387
Total principal payments	\$	4,508,228	\$	4,421,699	\$	3,521,991	\$	2,781,402	\$	2,014,588
Interest payments										
Tax levy supported debt		842,752		934,145		485,608		408,161		347,189
Water and Sewer user fees supported debt		138,991		155,957		170,772		183,510		82,608
Total interest payments	\$	981,743	\$	1,090,102	\$	656,380	\$	591,671	\$	429,798
Legal debt limit Estimated annual repayment limit*	\$	2019		2018		2017	<u> </u>	2016		201 34,934,245

Estimated annual repayment limit* \$
* The debt limit is based on the Financial Information Return.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND ACCUMULATED SURPLUS

User fees & charges \$1,071,814 78,672,230	Revenue by source		2019		2018		2017		2016		2019
User feek charges	Taxation	\$	90,463,238	\$	87,984,087	\$	82,731,507	\$	79,228,209	\$	77,257,657
Penalties & interest on taxes 2,978,059 2,614,718 3,020,055 2,971,033 3,090,285								<u>T</u>		T	
Investment income 1,2592,498 3,017,201 1,123,204 882,517 891,577 Files											
Fines (18,10,03 1,433,329 1,151,1089 1,000,487 1,152,060 covernment transfers - Canada 308,438 142,325 78,156 72,000 72,000 Covernment transfers - Ontario 1,384,911 1,518,001 1,394,908 1,457,149 1,499,141 Deferred revenue earned 202,000 153,200 195,500 190,700 929,748 1,461,461 1,461,4											
Government transfers - Canada (
Sovernment transfers - Ontario 1,384,911 1,518,001 1,394,908 1,477,149 1,499,141 1,499,1											
Deferred revenue earned											
Land sales & other 5,965,410											
Total revenues \$ 186,784,431 \$ 180,072,729 \$ 169,059,770 \$ 163,498,216 \$ 157,217,988 Other income Grants & transfers related to capital Total revenue earned 3,757,934 7,855,922 6,853,416 1,438,568 3,115,027 Government transfers - Contario 58,509 1,572,632											
Grants & transfers related to capital Deferred revenue earned 3,757,934 7,855,922 6,853,416 1,438,568 3,115,027 Government transfers - Contario 58,509 1,572,632	Total revenues	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	157,217,998
Grants & transfers related to capital Deferred revenue earned 3,757,934 7,855,922 6,853,416 1,438,568 3,115,027 Government transfers - Contario 58,509 1,572,632	Other income										
Deferred revenue earned 3,757,934 7,855,922 6,853,416 1,438,568 3,115,027											
Government transfers - Ontario Government transfers - Federal 4,225,780 Government transfers - Geta - Government 4,225,780 Government transfers - Geta - Government 4,225,780 Government 5,20,292,514 Government 5,20,292,5154 Government 6,219,084 Government 6,229,085 Government 7,246,084 Governm			2 757 024		7.055.033		C 0F2 44C		4 420 560		2 445 027
Convernment transfers - Federal 4,225,780 6,579,991 4,421,010 6,127,352 5,119,426 Donated tangible capital assets 675,000 6,524,773 2,588,156 15,990,209 12,542,525 Share of net income for the year from Cambridge & North Dumfries Energy Plus Inc. Interest earned on reserves 1,204,416 1,514,477 1,254,021 1,210,129 1,208,797 Total other income \$ 16,140,723 \$ 30,392,255 \$ 22,419,212 \$ 30,669,868 \$ 27,556,882 Total revenues & other income \$ 202,925,154 \$ 210,464,984 \$ 191,478,982 \$ 194,168,084 \$ 184,774,895 Expenses by function 2019 2018 2017 2016 2018 Salaries, wages & employee benefits \$ 79,723,776 \$ 79,414,928 \$ 76,066,484 \$ 72,853,444 \$ 70,992,112 Long-term debt charges 981,743 1,090,102 656,380 591,671 429,798 Materials 24,805,880 24,583,473 27,409,15 62,912,838 42,689,993 Contracted services 49,112,223 45,746,679 41,749,650 18,356,572 33,897,607 Rents & financial expenses 7,647,681 2,392,491 451,306 264,579 234,751 External transfers 3,295,202 3,186,408 4,150,414 2,251,805 20,015,66 Amortization of tangible capital assets 20,308,531 16,588,287 14,634,716 20,357,745 167,848,665 Total expenses by function \$ 185,875,036 172,999,332 5 165,109,865 177,588,654 5 167,030,695 Expenses by Object 2019 2018 2017 2016 2018 Central expenses by Function 5 185,875,036 77,939,335 77,939,335 77,938,558 5 4,62,792 63,714,869 57,851,114 Health services 1,569,493 1,451,278 1,434,431 1,363,943 1,345,081 Central expenses by Object 5 185,875,036 172,999,332 165,109,865 177,588,654 5 167,030,695 Central expenses by Object 5 185,875,036 172,999,332 165,109,865 177,588,654 5 167,030,695 Central expenses by Object 5 185,875,036 172,999,332 165,109,865 177,588,654 5 167,030,695 Central expenses by Object 5 185,875,036 172,999,332 165,109,865 177							0,853,416		1,438,568		3,115,027
Donated tangible capital assets 675,000 6,524,773 2,588,156 15,990,209 12,542,520 5hare of net income for the year from Cambridge & 6,219,084 6,344,460 7,302,609 5,903,610 5,711,225 have of net income for the year from Cambridge & 6,219,084 6,344,460 7,302,609 5,903,610 5,711,225 have of net income \$ 1,204,416 1,514,477 1,254,021 1,210,129 1,208,790 Total other income \$ 16,140,723 \$ 30,392,255 \$ 22,419,212 \$ 30,669,868 \$ 27,556,892 Total revenues & other income \$ 202,925,154 \$ 210,464,984 \$ 191,478,982 \$ 194,168,084 \$ 184,774,890 Expenses by function 2019 2018 2017 2016 201							- 4 424 042				-
Share of net income for the year from Cambridge & North Dumfries Energy Plus Inc. Interest earned on reserves 1,204,416 1,514,477 1,254,021 1,210,129 1,208,795 Total other income \$ 16,140,723 \$ 30,392,255 \$ 22,419,212 \$ 30,669,868 \$ 27,556,892 Total revenues & other income \$ 202,925,154 \$ 210,464,984 \$ 191,478,982 \$ 194,168,084 \$ 184,774,895 Expenses by function 2019 2018 2017 2016 Expenses by function 2019 2018 2017 2016 201 Salaries, wages & employee benefits \$ 79,723,776 \$ 79,414,928 \$ 76,066,484 \$ 72,853,444 \$ 70,992,112 \$ 10,091,100 \$ 656,380 \$ 591,671 \$ 429,798 \$ 10,091,100 \$ 656,380 \$ 591,671 \$ 429,798 \$ 10,091,100 \$ 656,380 \$ 591,671 \$ 429,798 \$ 10,091,100 \$ 656,380 \$ 591,671 \$ 429,798 \$ 10,091,100 \$ 656,380 \$ 591,671 \$ 429,798 \$ 10,091,100 \$ 656,380 \$ 591,671 \$ 429,798 \$ 10,091,100 \$ 656,380 \$ 60,091,100 \$ 1											
North Dumfries Energy Plus Inc. 1,204,416 1,514,477 1,254,021 1,210,129 1,208,705 Total other income 1,204,416 1,514,477 1,254,021 1,210,129 1,208,705 Total other income 1,204,416 1,514,477 1,254,021 1,210,129 1,208,705 Total other income 1,204,416 1,514,477 1,254,021 1,210,129 1,208,705 Total revenues & other income 1,204,925,154 1,210,438 1,			6/5,000		6,524,773		2,588,156		15,990,209		12,542,520
Interest earned on reserves	,		6,219,084		6,344,460		7,302,609		5,903,610		5,571,129
Total other income \$ 16,140,723 \$ 30,392,255 \$ 22,419,212 \$ 30,669,868 \$ 27,556,892 Total revenues & other income \$ 202,925,154 \$ 210,464,984 \$ 191,478,982 \$ 194,168,084 \$ 184,774,890 Expenses by function 2019 2018 2017 2016 201 Salaries, wages & employee benefits \$ 79,723,776 \$ 79,414,928 \$ 76,066,484 \$ 72,853,444 \$ 70,992,112 \$ 70,992,117 420,798 Long-term debt charges 981,743 1,090,102 656,380 591,671 429,798 591,671 429,798 426,799 Materials 24,805,880 24,833,437 27,400,915 62,912,838 42,689,992 2018 24,803,880 24,833,437 27,400,915 62,912,838 42,689,993 2018,750,727 Contracted services 49,112,223 45,746,679 41,749,650 118,356,572 33,897,607 33,897,607 41,749,650 118,356,572 33,897,607 234,757 External transfers 3,295,202 3,186,408 4,150,414 2,251,805 2,001,862 246,579 234,757 247,755 24,612,414 2,251,805 2,001,862 20,015,662 Amortization of tangible capital assets 20,308,531 16,585,287 14,634,716 20,357,745 16,784,865 167,703,690 177,588,654 \$ 167,030,690 Expenses by Object 2019 2018 2017 2016 201 2016 201 General government \$ 31,822,711 \$ 27,699,332 \$ 165,109,865 \$ 177,588,654 \$ 167,030,690 22,49			4 204 446		4 - 4 4 4 4 7 7		4 254 024		4 240 420		4 200 700
Total revenues & other income \$ 202,925,154 \$ 210,464,984 \$ 191,478,982 \$ 194,168,084 \$ 184,774,890 Expenses by function 2019 2018 2017 2016 201 Salaries, wages & employee benefits \$ 79,723,776 \$ 79,414,928 \$ 76,066,484 \$ 72,853,444 \$ 70,992,112 Long-term debt charges 981,743 1,090,102 656,880 591,671 429,798 Materials 24,805,880 24,583,437 27,400,915 62,912,838 42,689,993 Contracted services 49,112,223 45,746,679 41,749,650 18,356,572 33,897,607 Rents & financial expenses 7,647,681 2,392,491 451,306 264,579 224,751 External transfers 3,295,202 3,186,408 4,150,414 2,251,805 2,001,562 Amortization of tangible capital assets 20,308,531 16,585,287 14,634,716 20,357,745 16,784,868 Total expenses by function \$ 185,875,036 \$ 172,999,332 \$ 165,109,865 \$ 177,588,654 \$ 167,030,690 Expenses by object				_				_		_	
Expenses by function 2019 2018 2017 2016 2010 Salaries, wages & employee benefits \$ 79,723,776 \$ 79,414,928 \$ 76,066,484 \$ 72,853,444 \$ 70,992,112 Long-term debt charges 981,743 1,090,102 656,380 591,671 429,792 Materials 24,805,880 24,583,437 27,400,915 62,912,838 42,689,993 Contracted services 49,112,223 45,746,679 41,749,650 18,356,572 33,897,607 Rents & financial expenses 7,647,681 2,392,491 451,306 264,579 234,751 External transfers 3,295,202 3,186,408 4,150,414 2,251,805 2,001,562 Amortization of tangible capital assets 20,308,531 16,585,287 14,634,716 20,357,745 16,784,866 Total expenses by function \$ 185,875,036 \$ 172,999,332 \$ 165,109,865 \$ 177,588,654 \$ 167,030,690 Expenses by object 2019 2018 2017 2016 201 General government \$ 31,822,711 \$ 27,269,284 \$ 26,770,839 \$ 25,001,480 \$ 22,398,367 Transportation services 22,409,366 20,849,356 19,132,800 24,298,127 20,609,197 Environmental services 1,569,493 1,451,278 1,434,431 1,363,943 1,345,043 1,345,043 2016 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2017 2016 2019 2018	Total other income	Ş	16,140,723	Ş	30,392,255	\$	22,419,212	Ş	30,669,868	\$	27,556,892
Salaries, wages & employee benefits \$ 79,723,776 \$ 79,414,928 \$ 76,066,484 \$ 72,853,444 \$ 70,992,112 Long-term debt charges 981,743 1,090,102 656,380 591,671 429,798 Materials 24,805,880 24,583,437 27,400,915 62,912,838 42,689,993 Contracted services 49,112,223 45,746,679 41,749,650 18,356,572 33,897,607 Rents & financial expenses 7,647,681 2,392,491 451,306 264,579 234,751 External transfers 3,295,202 3,186,408 4,150,414 2,251,805 2,001,562 Amortization of tangible capital assets 20,308,531 16,585,287 14,634,716 20,357,745 16,784,865 Total expenses by function \$ 185,875,036 \$ 172,999,332 \$ 165,109,865 \$ 177,588,654 \$ 167,030,690 Expenses by object 2019 2018 2017 2016 201 General government \$ 31,822,711 \$ 27,269,284 \$ 26,770,839 \$ 25,001,480 \$ 22,398,367 Protection to persons & property 30,013,580 27,797,933 25,660,531 25,452,248 25,156,955 Transportation services 22,409,366 20,849,356 19,132,800 24,298,127 22,609,197 Environmental services 59,636,539 57,938,558 54,462,792 63,714,869 57,485,116 Health services 1,569,493 1,451,278 1,434,431 1,363,943 1,345,081 Social & family services 33,639,623 30,387,951 31,371,017 31,186,689 31,743,288 Recreation & cultural services \$ 33,639,623 30,387,951 31,371,017 31,186,689 31,743,288 Planning & development \$ 5,002,027 5,442,240 4,011,385 4,063,790 3,735,702 Annual surplus 2019 2018 2017 2016 2018	Total revenues & other income	\$	202,925,154	\$	210,464,984	\$	191,478,982	\$	194,168,084	\$	184,774,890
Long-term debt charges 981,743 1,090,102 656,380 591,671 429,798 Materials 24,805,880 24,583,437 27,400,915 62,912,838 42,689,993 Contracted services 49,112,223 45,746,679 41,749,650 18,356,572 33,897,607 Rents & financial expenses 7,647,681 2,392,491 451,306 264,579 234,751 External transfers 3,295,202 3,186,408 4,150,414 2,251,805 2,001,562 Amortization of tangible capital assets 20,308,531 16,585,287 14,634,716 20,357,745 16,784,868 Total expenses by function \$ 185,875,036 172,999,332 165,109,865 177,588,654 167,030,690 Expenses by object 2019 2018 2017 2016 201 General government \$ 31,822,711 \$ 27,269,284 \$ 26,770,839 \$ 25,001,480 \$ 22,398,367 Protection to persons & property 30,013,580 27,797,933 25,660,531 25,452,248 25,156,955 Transportation services 22,409,366 20,849,356 19,132,800 24,298,127 22,609,197 Environmental services 59,636,539 57,938,558 54,462,792 63,714,869 57,485,194 Health services 1,781,697 1,862,732 2,266,070 2,507,508 2,556,984 Recreation & cultural services 33,639,623 30,387,951 31,371,017 31,186,689 31,743,288 Planning & development \$ 185,875,036 172,999,332 165,109,865 177,588,654 167,030,690 Annual surplus 2019 2018 2017 2016 2018 Annual surplus 2019 2018 2017 2016 201	Expenses by function		2019		2018		2017		2016		201
Materials 24,805,880 24,583,437 27,400,915 62,912,838 42,689,993 Contracted services 49,112,223 45,746,679 41,749,650 18,356,572 33,897,607 Rents & financial expenses 7,647,681 2,392,491 451,306 264,579 234,751 External transfers 3,295,202 3,186,408 4,150,414 2,251,805 2,001,562 Amortization of tangible capital assets 20,308,531 16,585,287 14,634,716 20,357,745 16,784,868 Total expenses by function \$ 185,875,036 \$ 172,999,332 \$ 165,109,865 \$ 177,588,654 \$ 167,030,690 Expenses by object 2019 2018 2017 2016 201 General government \$ 31,822,711 \$ 27,269,284 \$ 26,770,839 \$ 25,001,480 \$ 22,398,367 Protection to persons & property 30,013,580 27,797,933 25,660,531 25,452,248 25,156,955 Transportation services 22,409,366 20,849,356 19,132,800 24,298,127 22,609,197 Environmental services 1,569,4	Salaries, wages & employee benefits	\$	79,723,776	\$	79,414,928	\$	76,066,484	\$	72,853,444	\$	70,992,112
Contracted services 49,112,223 45,746,679 41,749,650 18,356,572 33,897,607 Rents & financial expenses 7,647,681 2,392,491 451,306 264,579 234,751 External transfers 3,295,202 3,186,408 4,150,414 2,251,805 2,001,562 Amortization of tangible capital assets 20,308,531 16,585,287 14,634,716 20,357,745 16,784,868 Total expenses by function \$185,875,036 \$172,999,332 \$165,109,865 \$177,588,654 \$167,030,690 (Long-term debt charges		981,743		1,090,102		656,380		591,671		429,798
Rents & financial expenses 7,647,681 2,392,491 451,306 264,579 234,751 External transfers 3,295,202 3,186,408 4,150,414 2,251,805 2,001,562 Amortization of tangible capital assets 20,308,531 16,585,287 14,634,716 20,357,745 16,784,868 Total expenses by function \$ 185,875,036 \$ 172,999,332 \$ 165,109,865 \$ 177,588,654 \$ 167,030,690 Expenses by object 2019 2018 2017 2016 201 General government \$ 31,822,711 \$ 27,269,284 \$ 26,770,839 \$ 25,001,480 \$ 22,398,367 Protection to persons & property 30,013,580 27,797,933 25,660,531 25,452,248 25,156,955 Transportation services 22,409,366 20,849,356 19,132,800 24,298,127 22,609,197 Environmental services 59,636,539 57,938,558 54,462,792 63,714,869 57,485,116 Health services 1,569,493 1,451,278 1,434,431 1,363,943 1,345,081 Social & family services 3	Materials		24,805,880		24,583,437		27,400,915		62,912,838		42,689,993
External transfers 3,295,202 3,186,408 4,150,414 2,251,805 2,001,562 Amortization of tangible capital assets 20,308,531 16,585,287 14,634,716 20,357,745 16,784,868 Total expenses by function \$ 185,875,036 \$ 172,999,332 \$ 165,109,865 \$ 177,588,654 \$ 167,030,690 Expenses by object 2019 2018 2017 2016 201 General government \$ 31,822,711 \$ 27,269,284 \$ 26,770,839 \$ 25,001,480 \$ 22,398,367 Protection to persons & property 30,013,580 27,797,933 25,660,531 25,452,248 25,156,955 Transportation services 22,409,366 20,849,356 19,132,800 24,298,127 22,609,197 Environmental services 59,636,539 57,938,558 54,462,792 63,714,869 57,485,116 Health services 1,569,493 1,451,278 1,434,431 1,363,943 1,368,083 Social & family services 1,781,697 1,862,732 2,266,070 2,507,508 2,556,984 Planning & development <td< td=""><td>Contracted services</td><td></td><td>49,112,223</td><td></td><td>45,746,679</td><td></td><td>41,749,650</td><td></td><td>18,356,572</td><td></td><td>33,897,607</td></td<>	Contracted services		49,112,223		45,746,679		41,749,650		18,356,572		33,897,607
Amortization of tangible capital assets 20,308,531 16,585,287 14,634,716 20,357,745 16,784,868 Total expenses by function \$ 185,875,036 \$ 172,999,332 \$ 165,109,865 \$ 177,588,654 \$ 167,030,690 Expenses by object 2019 2018 2017 2016 201 General government \$ 31,822,711 \$ 27,269,284 \$ 26,770,839 \$ 25,001,480 \$ 22,398,367 Protection to persons & property 30,013,580 27,797,933 25,660,531 25,452,248 25,156,955 Transportation services 22,409,366 20,849,356 19,132,800 24,298,127 22,609,197 Environmental services 59,636,539 57,985,558 54,462,792 63,714,869 57,485,116 Health services 1,781,697 1,862,732 2,266,070 2,507,508 2,556,984 Recreation & cultural services 33,639,623 30,387,951 31,371,017 31,186,689 31,743,288 Planning & development 5,002,027 5,442,240 4,011,385 4,063,790 3,735,702 Total expenses by object \$ 185,875,036 \$ 172,999,332 \$ 165,109,865 \$ 177,588,654 \$ 167,030,690	Rents & financial expenses		7,647,681		2,392,491		451,306		264,579		234,751
Total expenses by function \$ 185,875,036 \$ 172,999,332 \$ 165,109,865 \$ 177,588,654 \$ 167,030,690 Expenses by object 2019 2018 2017 2016 201 General government \$ 31,822,711 \$ 27,269,284 \$ 26,770,839 \$ 25,001,480 \$ 22,398,367 Protection to persons & property 30,013,580 27,797,933 25,660,531 25,452,248 25,156,955 Transportation services 22,409,366 20,849,356 19,132,800 24,298,127 22,609,197 Environmental services 59,636,539 57,938,558 54,462,792 63,714,869 57,485,116 Health services 1,569,493 1,451,278 1,434,431 1,363,943 1,345,081 Social & family services 1,781,697 1,862,732 2,266,070 2,507,508 2,556,984 Recreation & cultural services 33,639,623 30,387,951 31,371,017 31,186,689 31,743,288 Planning & development 5,002,027 5,442,240 4,011,385 4,063,790 3,735,702 Total expenses by object \$	External transfers		3,295,202		3,186,408		4,150,414		2,251,805		2,001,562
Expenses by object 2019 2018 2017 2016 201 General government \$ 31,822,711 \$ 27,269,284 \$ 26,770,839 \$ 25,001,480 \$ 22,398,367 Protection to persons & property 30,013,580 27,797,933 25,660,531 25,452,248 25,156,955 Transportation services 22,409,366 20,849,356 19,132,800 24,298,127 22,609,197 Environmental services 59,636,539 57,938,558 54,462,792 63,714,869 57,485,116 Health services 1,569,493 1,451,278 1,434,431 1,363,943 1,345,081 Social & family services 1,781,697 1,862,732 2,266,070 2,507,508 2,556,984 Recreation & cultural services 33,639,623 30,387,951 31,371,017 31,186,689 31,743,288 Planning & development 5,002,027 5,442,240 4,011,385 4,063,790 3,735,702 Total expenses by object \$ 185,875,036 \$ 172,999,332 \$ 165,109,865 \$ 177,588,654 \$ 167,030,690	Amortization of tangible capital assets		20,308,531		16,585,287		14,634,716		20,357,745		16,784,868
General government \$ 31,822,711 \$ 27,269,284 \$ 26,770,839 \$ 25,001,480 \$ 22,398,367 Protection to persons & property 30,013,580 27,797,933 25,660,531 25,452,248 25,156,955 Transportation services 22,409,366 20,849,356 19,132,800 24,298,127 22,609,197 Environmental services 59,636,539 57,938,558 54,462,792 63,714,869 57,485,116 Health services 1,569,493 1,451,278 1,434,431 1,363,943 1,345,081 Social & family services 1,781,697 1,862,732 2,266,070 2,507,508 2,556,984 Recreation & cultural services 33,639,623 30,387,951 31,371,017 31,186,689 31,743,288 Planning & development 5,002,027 5,442,240 4,011,385 4,063,790 3,735,702 Total expenses by object \$ 185,875,036 \$ 172,999,332 \$ 165,109,865 \$ 177,588,654 \$ 167,030,690	Total expenses by function	\$	185,875,036	\$	172,999,332	\$	165,109,865	\$	177,588,654	\$	167,030,690
Protection to persons & property 30,013,580 27,797,933 25,660,531 25,452,248 25,156,955 Transportation services 22,409,366 20,849,356 19,132,800 24,298,127 22,609,197 Environmental services 59,636,539 57,938,558 54,462,792 63,714,869 57,485,116 Health services 1,569,493 1,451,278 1,434,431 1,363,943 1,345,081 Social & family services 1,781,697 1,862,732 2,266,070 2,507,508 2,556,984 Recreation & cultural services 33,639,623 30,387,951 31,371,017 31,186,689 31,743,288 Planning & development 5,002,027 5,442,240 4,011,385 4,063,790 3,735,702 Total expenses by object \$ 185,875,036 \$ 172,999,332 \$ 165,109,865 \$ 177,588,654 \$ 167,030,690	Expenses by object		2019		2018		2017		2016		201
Protection to persons & property 30,013,580 27,797,933 25,660,531 25,452,248 25,156,955 Transportation services 22,409,366 20,849,356 19,132,800 24,298,127 22,609,197 Environmental services 59,636,539 57,938,558 54,462,792 63,714,869 57,485,116 Health services 1,569,493 1,451,278 1,434,431 1,363,943 1,345,081 Social & family services 1,781,697 1,862,732 2,266,070 2,507,508 2,556,984 Recreation & cultural services 33,639,623 30,387,951 31,371,017 31,186,689 31,743,288 Planning & development 5,002,027 5,442,240 4,011,385 4,063,790 3,735,702 Total expenses by object \$ 185,875,036 \$ 172,999,332 \$ 165,109,865 \$ 177,588,654 \$ 167,030,690	_										
Transportation services 22,409,366 20,849,356 19,132,800 24,298,127 22,609,197 Environmental services 59,636,539 57,938,558 54,462,792 63,714,869 57,485,116 Health services 1,569,493 1,451,278 1,434,431 1,363,943 1,345,081 Social & family services 1,781,697 1,862,732 2,266,070 2,507,508 2,556,984 Recreation & cultural services 33,639,623 30,387,951 31,371,017 31,186,689 31,743,288 Planning & development 5,002,027 5,442,240 4,011,385 4,063,790 3,735,702 Total expenses by object \$ 185,875,036 \$ 172,999,332 \$ 165,109,865 \$ 177,588,654 \$ 167,030,690	-	\$		Ş		Ş		Ş		Ş	
Environmental services 59,636,539 57,938,558 54,462,792 63,714,869 57,485,116 Health services 1,569,493 1,451,278 1,434,431 1,363,943 1,345,081 Social & family services 1,781,697 1,862,732 2,266,070 2,507,508 2,556,984 Recreation & cultural services 33,639,623 30,387,951 31,371,017 31,186,689 31,743,288 Planning & development 5,002,027 5,442,240 4,011,385 4,063,790 3,735,702 Total expenses by object \$ 185,875,036 \$ 172,999,332 \$ 165,109,865 \$ 177,588,654 \$ 167,030,690 Annual surplus 2019 2018 2017 2016 201											
Health services 1,569,493 1,451,278 1,434,431 1,363,943 1,345,081 Social & family services 1,781,697 1,862,732 2,266,070 2,507,508 2,556,984 Recreation & cultural services 33,639,623 30,387,951 31,371,017 31,186,689 31,743,288 Planning & development 5,002,027 5,442,240 4,011,385 4,063,790 3,735,702 Total expenses by object \$ 185,875,036 \$ 172,999,332 \$ 165,109,865 \$ 177,588,654 \$ 167,030,690 Annual surplus 2019 2018 2017 2016 201	········ · ···························										
Social & family services 1,781,697 1,862,732 2,266,070 2,507,508 2,556,984 Recreation & cultural services 33,639,623 30,387,951 31,371,017 31,186,689 31,743,288 Planning & development 5,002,027 5,442,240 4,011,385 4,063,790 3,735,702 Total expenses by object \$ 185,875,036 \$ 172,999,332 \$ 165,109,865 \$ 177,588,654 \$ 167,030,690 Annual surplus 2019 2018 2017 2016 2011	Environmental services		59 636 539		57,938,558		54,462,792				
Recreation & cultural services 33,639,623 30,387,951 31,371,017 31,186,689 31,743,288 Planning & development 5,002,027 5,442,240 4,011,385 4,063,790 3,735,702 Total expenses by object \$ 185,875,036 \$ 172,999,332 \$ 165,109,865 \$ 177,588,654 \$ 167,030,690 Annual surplus 2019 2018 2017 2016 2011											1 345 081
Planning & development 5,002,027 5,442,240 4,011,385 4,063,790 3,735,702 Total expenses by object \$ 185,875,036 172,999,332 165,109,865 177,588,654 167,030,690 Annual surplus 2019 2018 2017 2016 201	Health services		1,569,493								
Total expenses by object \$ 185,875,036 \$ 172,999,332 \$ 165,109,865 \$ 177,588,654 \$ 167,030,690 Annual surplus 2019 2018 2017 2016 201	Health services Social & family services		1,569,493 1,781,697		1,862,732		2,266,070		2,507,508		2,556,984
Annual surplus 2019 2018 2017 2016 201	Health services Social & family services Recreation & cultural services		1,569,493 1,781,697 33,639,623		1,862,732 30,387,951		2,266,070 31,371,017		2,507,508 31,186,689		2,556,984 31,743,288
·	Health services Social & family services Recreation & cultural services Planning & development		1,569,493 1,781,697 33,639,623 5,002,027		1,862,732 30,387,951 5,442,240		2,266,070 31,371,017 4,011,385		2,507,508 31,186,689 4,063,790		2,556,984 31,743,288 3,735,702
Appual curplus \$ 17.050.119 \$ 27.465.652 \$ 26.260.117 \$ 42.570.420 \$ 17.744.200	Health services Social & family services	\$	1,569,493 1,781,697 33,639,623 5,002,027	\$	1,862,732 30,387,951 5,442,240	\$	2,266,070 31,371,017 4,011,385	\$	2,507,508 31,186,689 4,063,790	\$	2,556,984 31,743,288 3,735,702 167,030,690
	Health services Social & family services Recreation & cultural services Planning & development Total expenses by object	\$	1,569,493 1,781,697 33,639,623 5,002,027 185,875,036	\$	1,862,732 30,387,951 5,442,240 172,999,332	\$	2,266,070 31,371,017 4,011,385 165,109,865	\$	2,507,508 31,186,689 4,063,790 177,588,654	\$	2,556,984 31,743,288 3,735,702

ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, RESERVES, AND RESERVE FUNDS

Reserve funds		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Capital Works		5,434,953		3,733,242		3,076,443		1,757,184		1,799,597
Capital Works Debt Retirement		970,988		1,837,744		1,341,598		2,184,833		840,077
Capital Works Committed		1,166,622		1,955,399		1,885,588		2,627,786		2,467,762
Wastewater Capital		8,846,916		12,170,642		13,020,069		12,457,872		7,643,977
Wastewater Rate Stabilization		3,219,358		3,225,076		3,062,005		2,922,682		2,802,850
Water System Capital		9,397,207		7,571,308		3,582,717		2,275,624		2,624,417
Water Rate Stablization		3,398,519		3,420,016		3,253,104		1,998,224		974,871
Heritage Conservation		69,147		72,065		70,655		1,641,262		1,593,498
Cemetery		525,681		756,676		745,150		544,813		296,621
Equipment		4,305,109		3,461,349		3,279,871		3,225,192		2,700,250
Water Meter Replacement		-		2,258,155		1,957,583		1,642,191		2,080,479
Facility Maintenance Archives		4,398,737		4,620,874		2,853,361		1,656,106		1,155,884
Election		39,209 272,101		38,786 188,652		38,022 406,436		37,286 298,925		36,522 192,894
Winter Reg Road Maintenance		272,101		140,347		137,581		134,918		132,154
Winter Neg Road Wainterlance Winter Maintenance		22,326		128,426		39,906		43,110		229,145
Sports Field Revitalization		-		431,317		367,397		248,781		241,712
Soccer Facility Capital		216,334		182,770		166,591		136,934		173,757
Library		694,809		697,564		683,820		661,815		564,033
Public Art		192,076		135,507		79,919		78,372		48,903
Legal		-		41,078		40,269		830		70,260
Energy Conservation		1,590,807		1,447,818		1,308,541		1,220,042		946,519
Economic Development		10,594,263		19,442,300		12,584,250		10,771,990		11,495,150
Cash in Lieu of Parking		25,322		25,049		24,555		24,080		23,587
Self Insurance		2,183,498		2,261,423		2,194,908		2,265,718		2,199,878
Future Employee Benefits		10,442,213		10,118,352		9,727,020		10,121,707		9,677,873
Workplace Safety and Insurance		2,540,818		2,348,869		2,223,760		2,417,133		2,301,796
Affordable Housing		17,045		-		-		-		-
Replacement Tree Planting		129,572		-		-		-		-
Municipal Accomodation Tax		161,086		-		-		-		-
Core Areas Transformation Jacob Hespeler Field Capital		20,133,532 226,834		-		-				
Total reserve funds	\$	91,215,082	\$	82,710,804	\$	68,151,120	\$	63,395,410	\$	55,314,464
Reserves		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
neserves		2013		2010		2017		2010		2013
Hydro Dividend Stablization		2,049,432		1,239,003		1,182,725		1,899,439		2,944,698
Training and Development		=		697,486		927,786		1,256,856		1,255,082
Contaminated Sites Grant Program		547,980		497,980		447,980		559,980		509,980
Building Revitalization Program		218,950		301,022		411,390		353,381		350,031
Rate Stablization		3,222,606		3,267,310		3,197,496		2,988,205		2,928,022
Total reserves	\$	6,038,968	\$	6,002,801	\$	6,167,377	\$	7,057,861	\$	7,987,813
Total reserves & reserve funds	\$	97,254,050	\$	88,713,605	\$	74,318,497	\$	70,453,271	\$	63,302,277
Accumulated surplus		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Reserves & reserve funds	\$	97,254,050	\$	88,713,605	\$	74,318,497	\$	70,453,271	Ś	63,302,277
Invested in tangible capital assets	τ	623,367,616	τ	618,359,304	7	590,690,703	Τ	560,670,532		540,694,384
Invested in repair & replacement of assets		35,877,954		16,893,410		27,864,040		21,743,958		29,015,787
Invested in Government Business Enterprise		89,241,216		86,176,128		83,521,652		79,236,333		75,879,960
Sanitary Sewage Systems		862,490		2,096,880		(24,849)		-		-
Water Supply System		711,999		578,608		(3,078)		-		_
General revenue fund		969,225		4,108,390		581,241		209,288		60,184
Library board		620,111		115,785		102,644		4,083		6,789
Business improvements areas		72,851		10,768		93,835		73,704		64,787
Land held for resale		-		6,519,669		11,440,366		13,940,682		13,423,828
Amounts to be recovered										
Employee benefits and post-employment liabilities		(71,305,417)		(69,148,342)		(67,204,799)		(64,942,725)		(60,636,966)
Long-term debt	<u>,</u>	(41,576,835)		(35,379,063)	,	(39,800,762)	,	(26,178,753)	<u>,</u>	(21,710,155)
Accumulated surplus	\$	736,095,260	Ş	719,045,142	Ş	681,579,490	ş	655,210,373	Ş	640,100,875

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